

# **JLab@12 GeV**

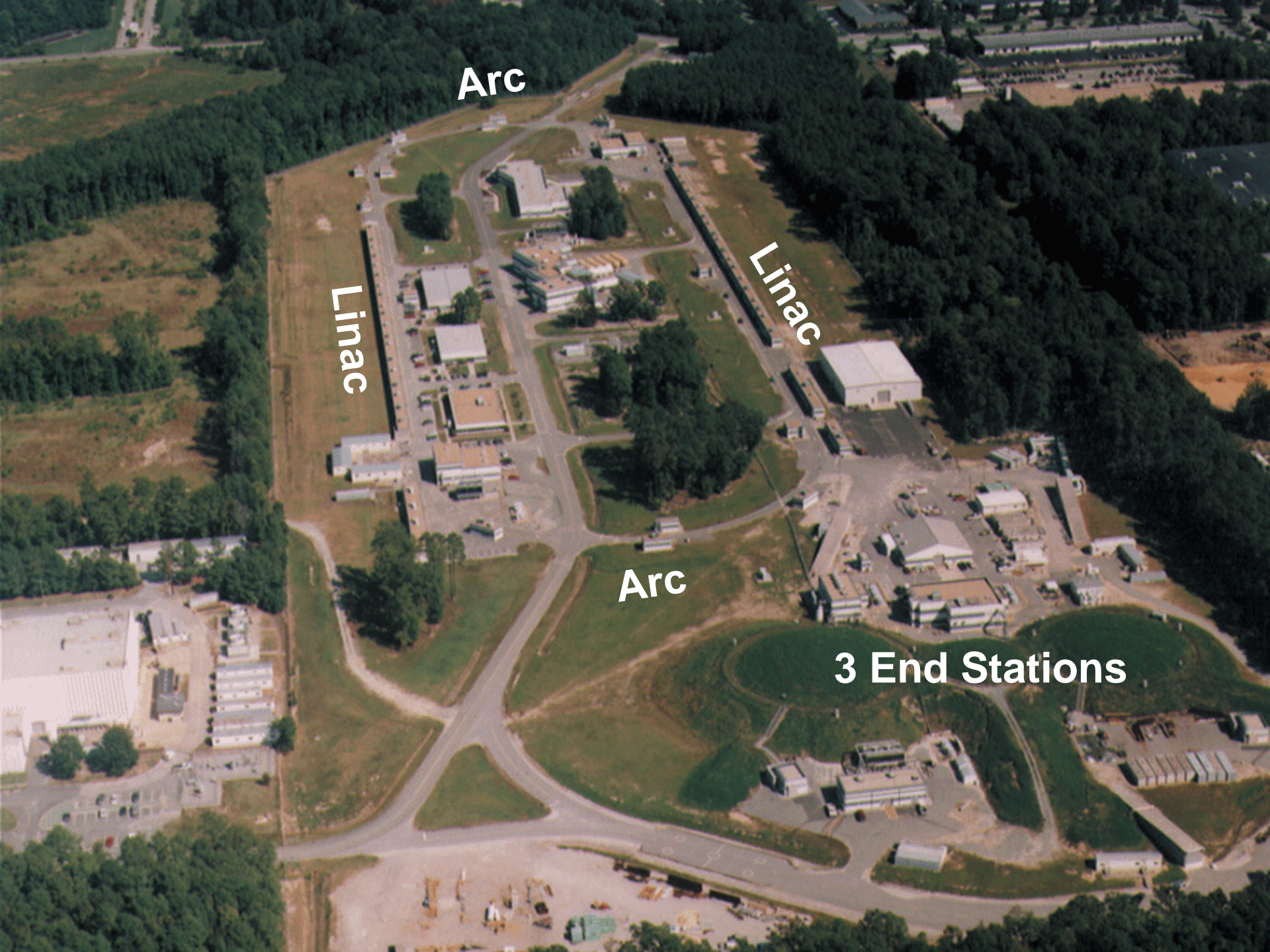
**L. Cardman**

Jefferson Lab and University of Virginia

EINN 2009



Μήλος, Ελλάδα



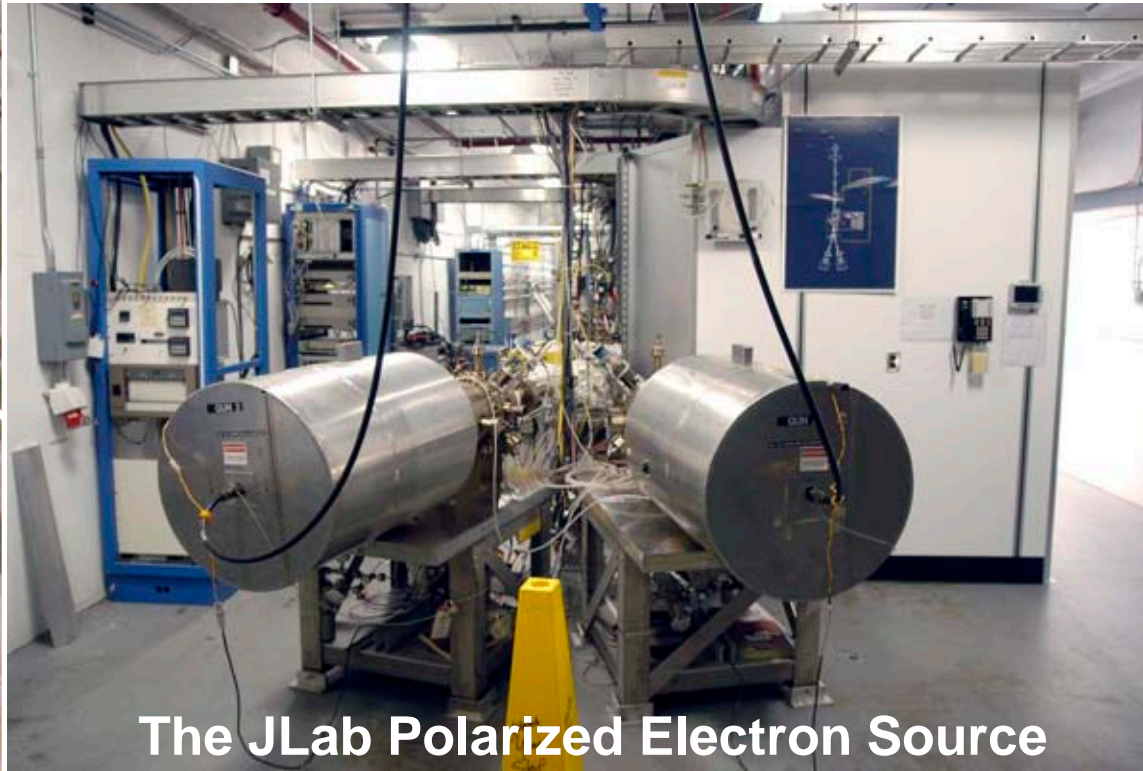
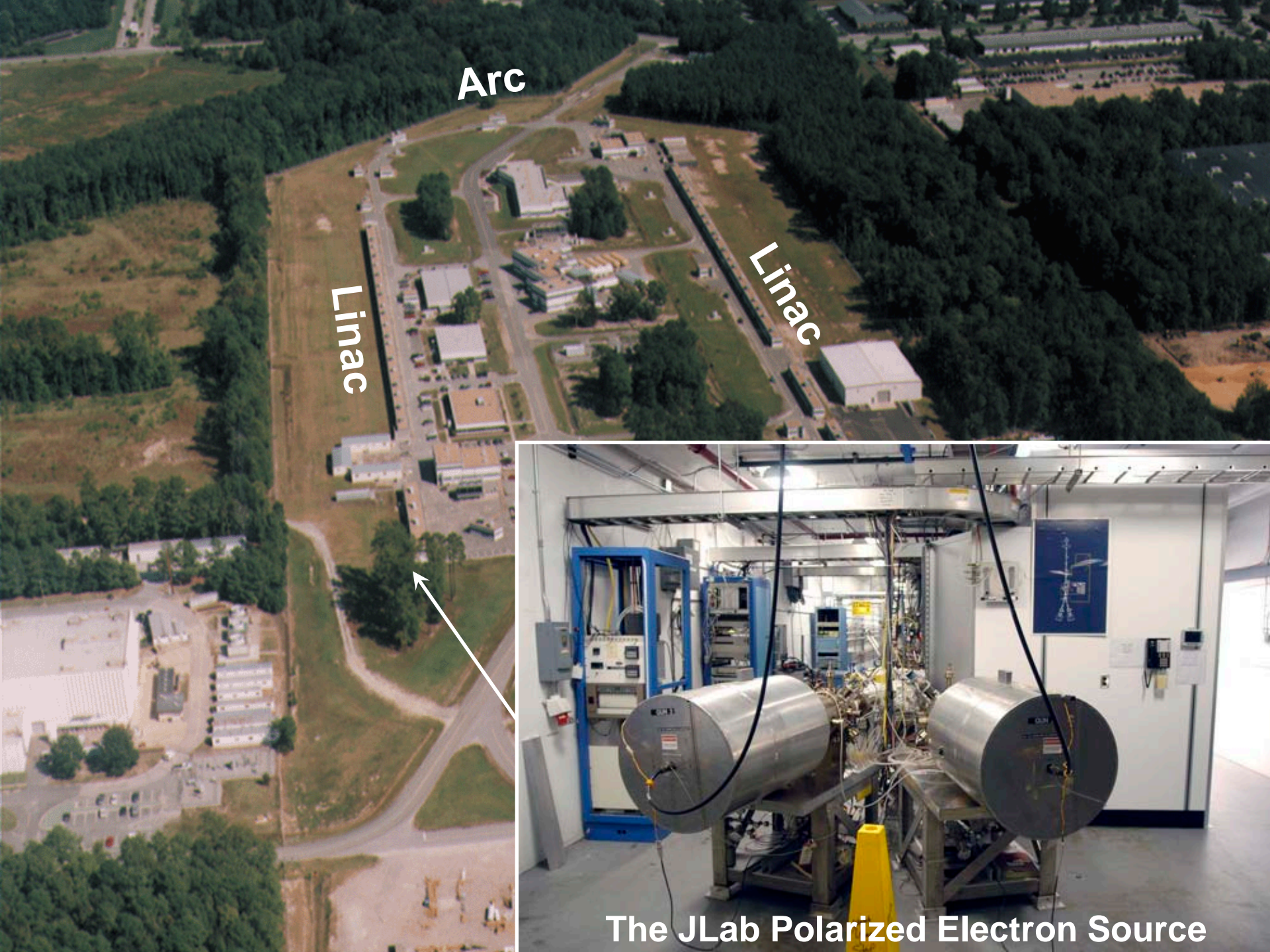
**Arc**

**Linac**

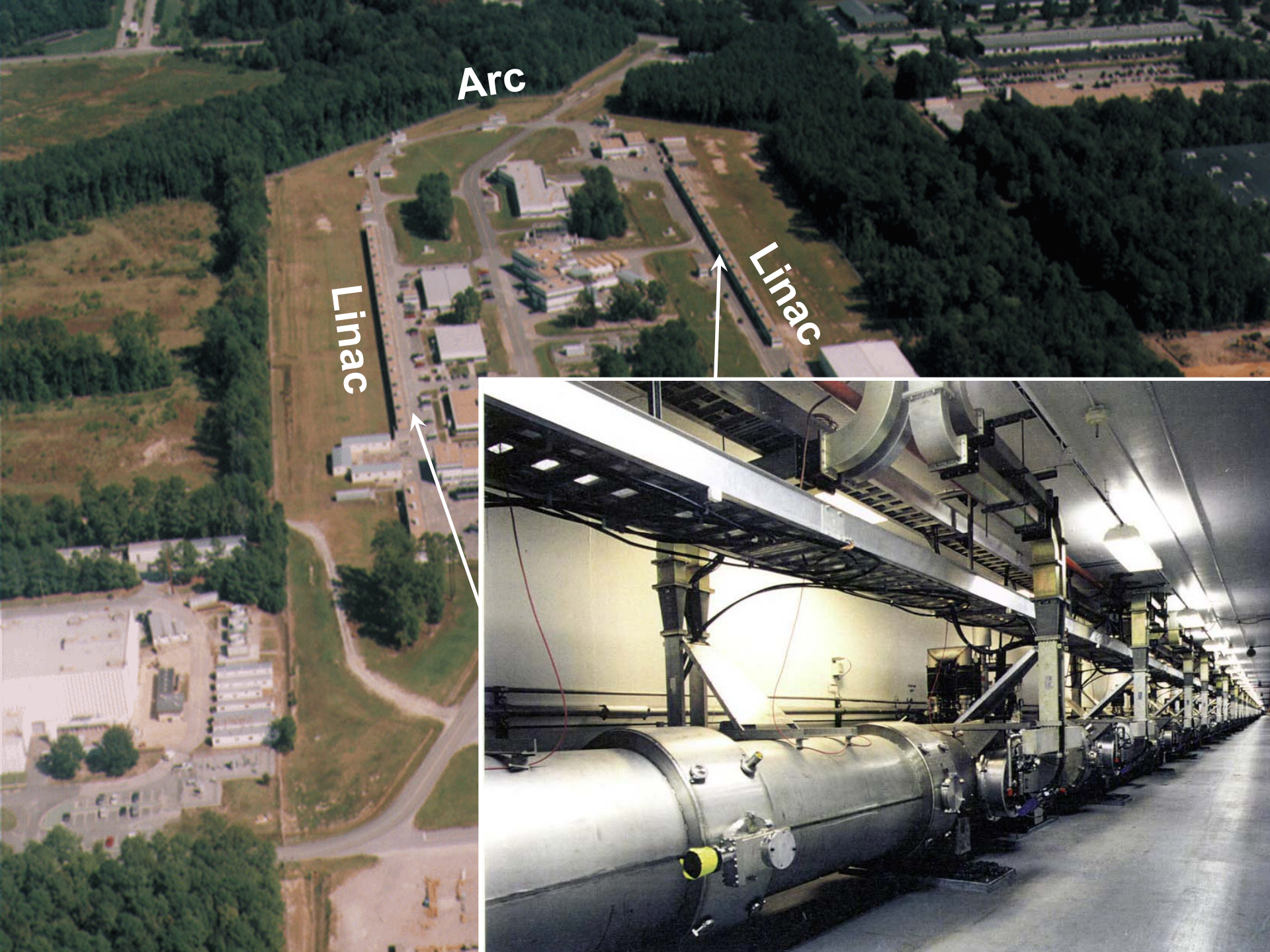
**Linac**

**Arc**

**3 End Stations**



The JLab Polarized Electron Source

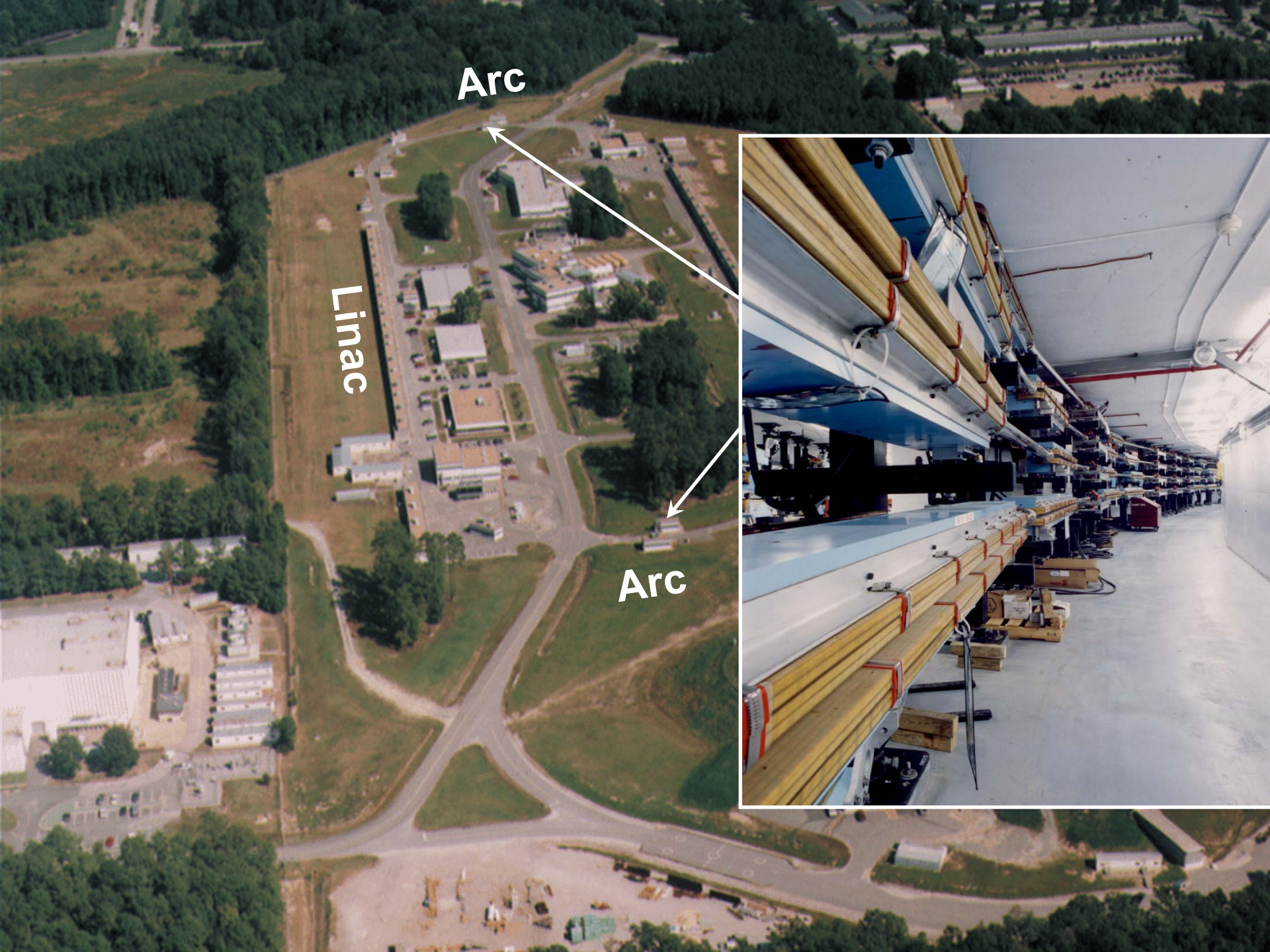


Arc

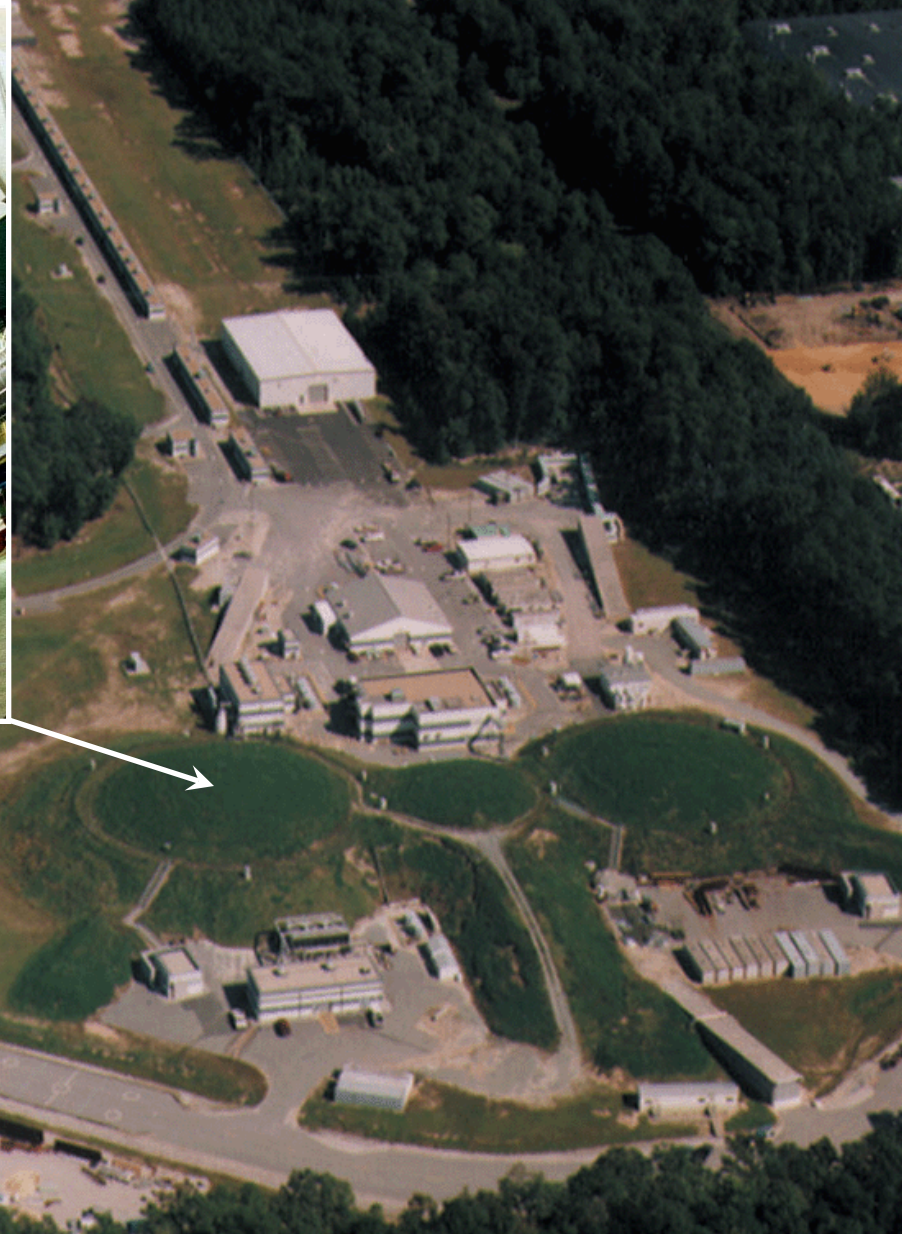
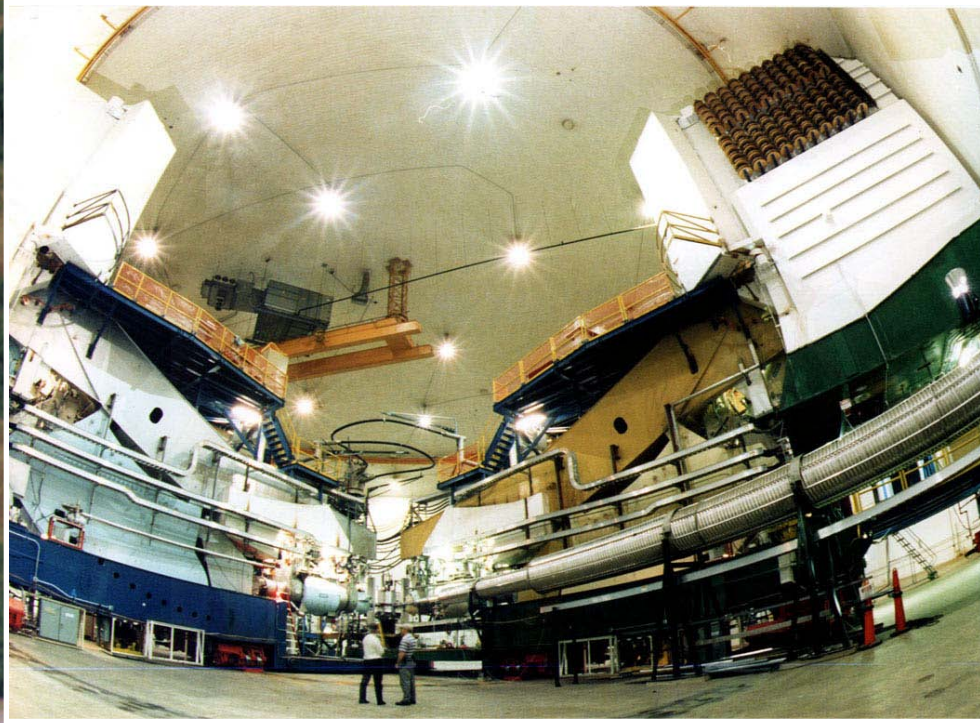
Linac

Linac





# Hall A: Two High Resolution ( $10^{-4}$ ) Spectrometers

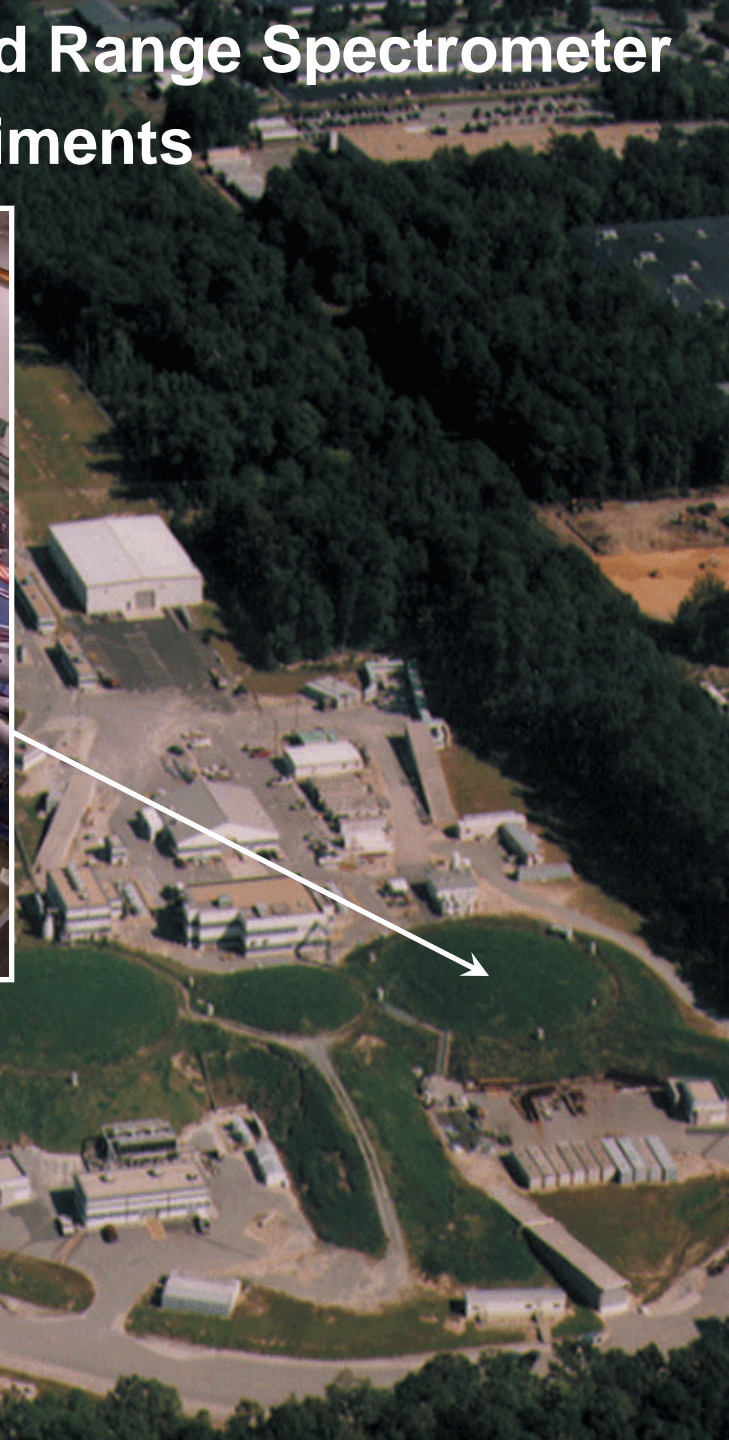
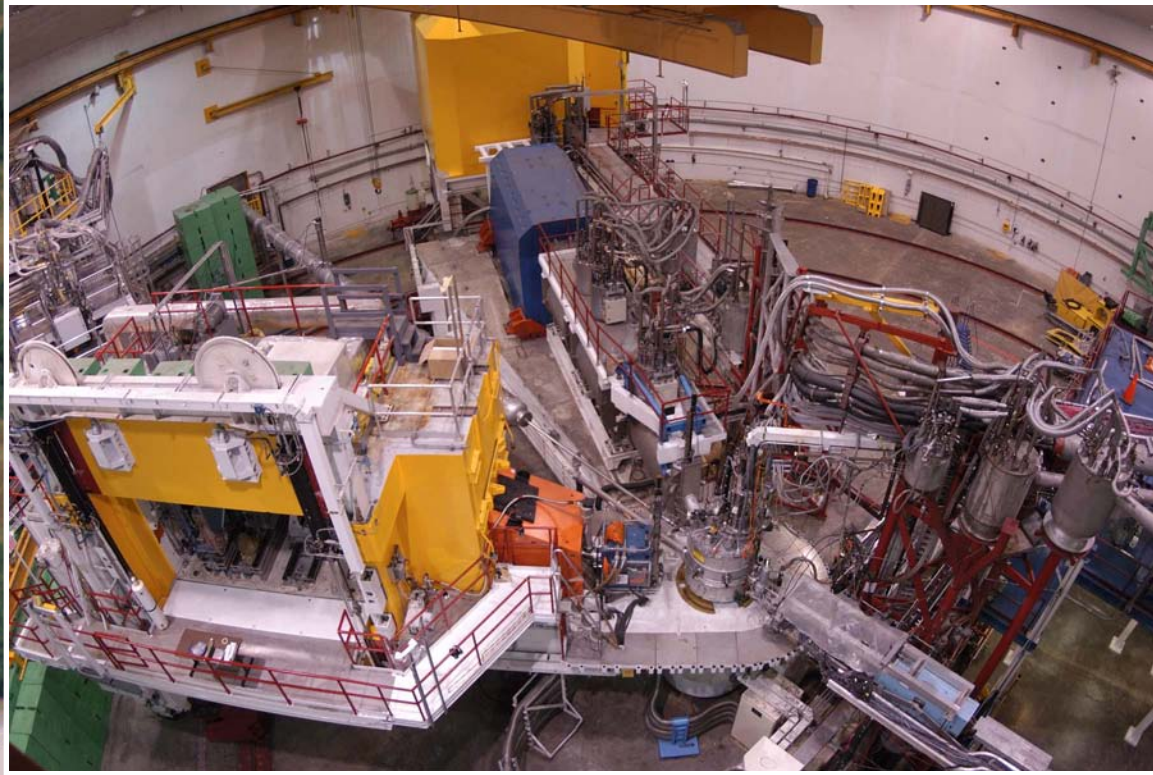


# Hall B: The CEBAF Large Acceptance Spectrometer (CLAS)

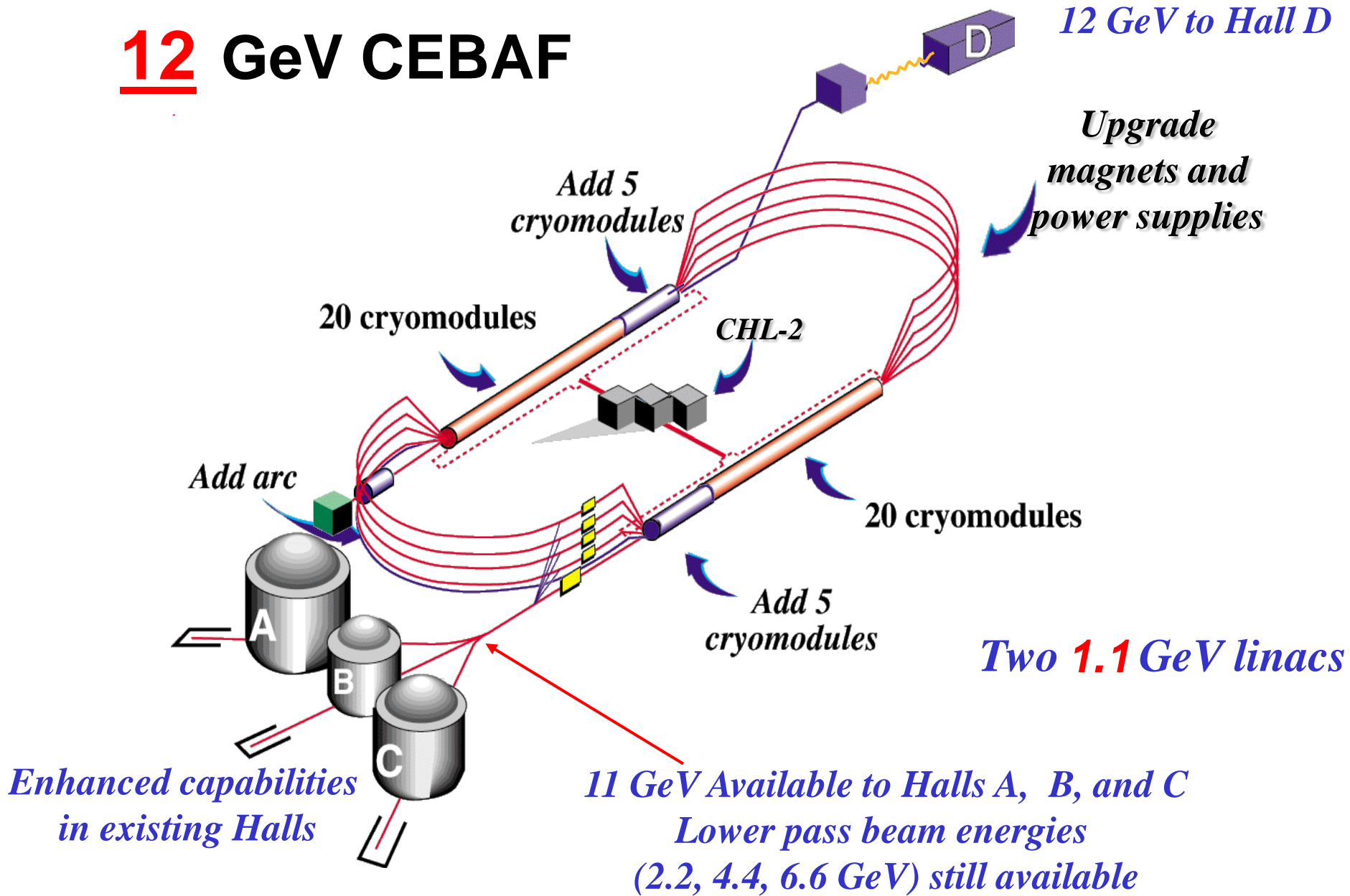




# Hall C: A High Momentum and a Broad Range Spectrometer Setup Space for Unique Experiments

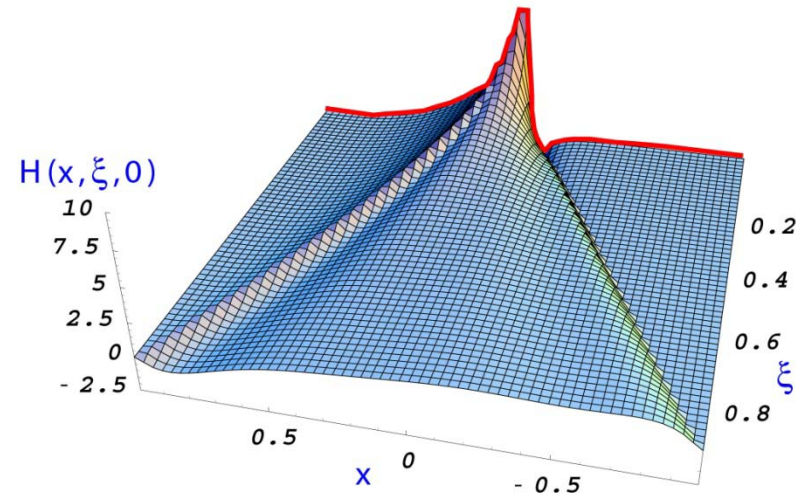
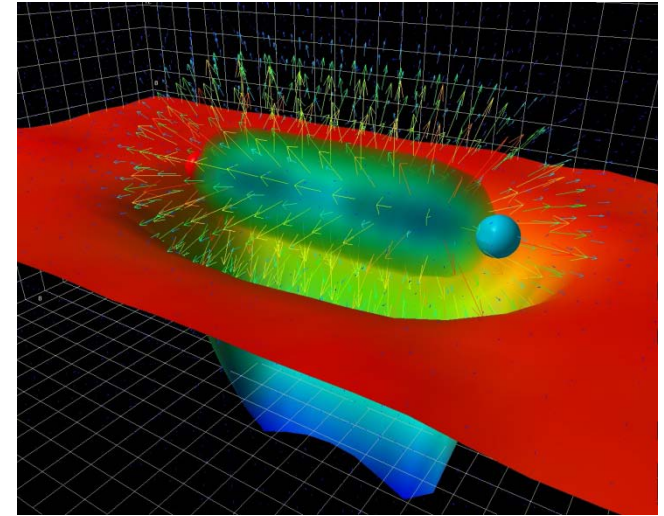


# 12 GeV CEBAF



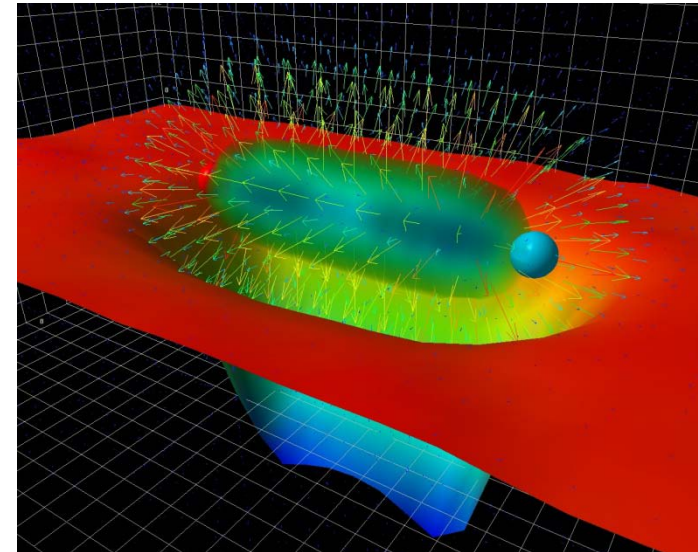
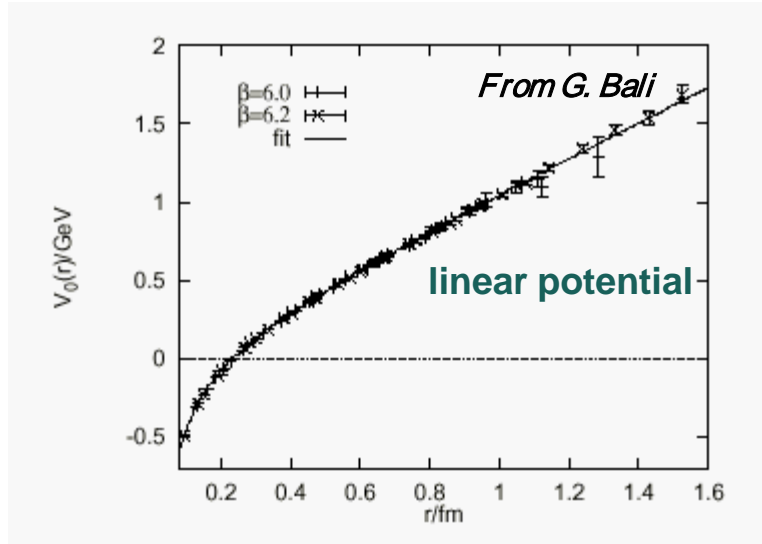
# The Science Motivating the 12 GeV Upgrade

- The experimental study of the confinement of quarks – one of the outstanding questions of the 21<sup>st</sup> century physics (**Hybrid Meson Program**)
- Dramatic improvements in our knowledge of the fundamental quark-gluon structure of the nuclear building blocks (**GPDs and Valence PDFs**)
- Further exploration of the **limits of our understanding of nuclei** in terms of nucleons and the *N-N* force
- Precision experiments with sensitivity to TeV scale **physics beyond the Standard Model**
- **And other science we can't foresee**

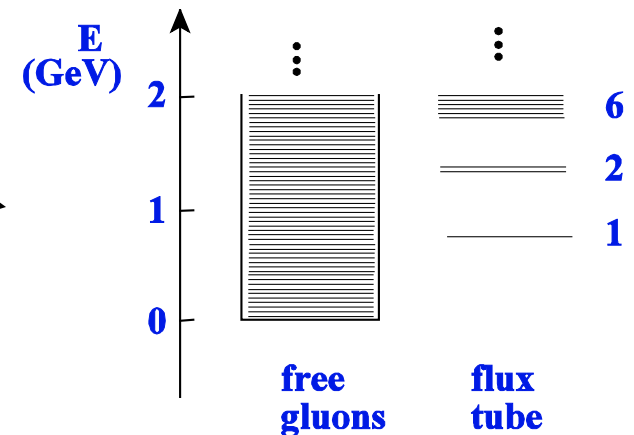
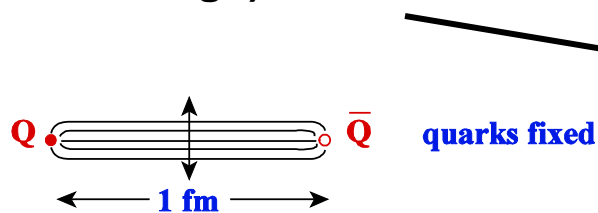


# Glueonic Excitations and the Origin of Confinement

Theoretical studies of QCD suggest that confinement is due to the formation of “Flux tubes” arising from the self-interaction of the glue, leading to a linear potential (and therefore a constant force)

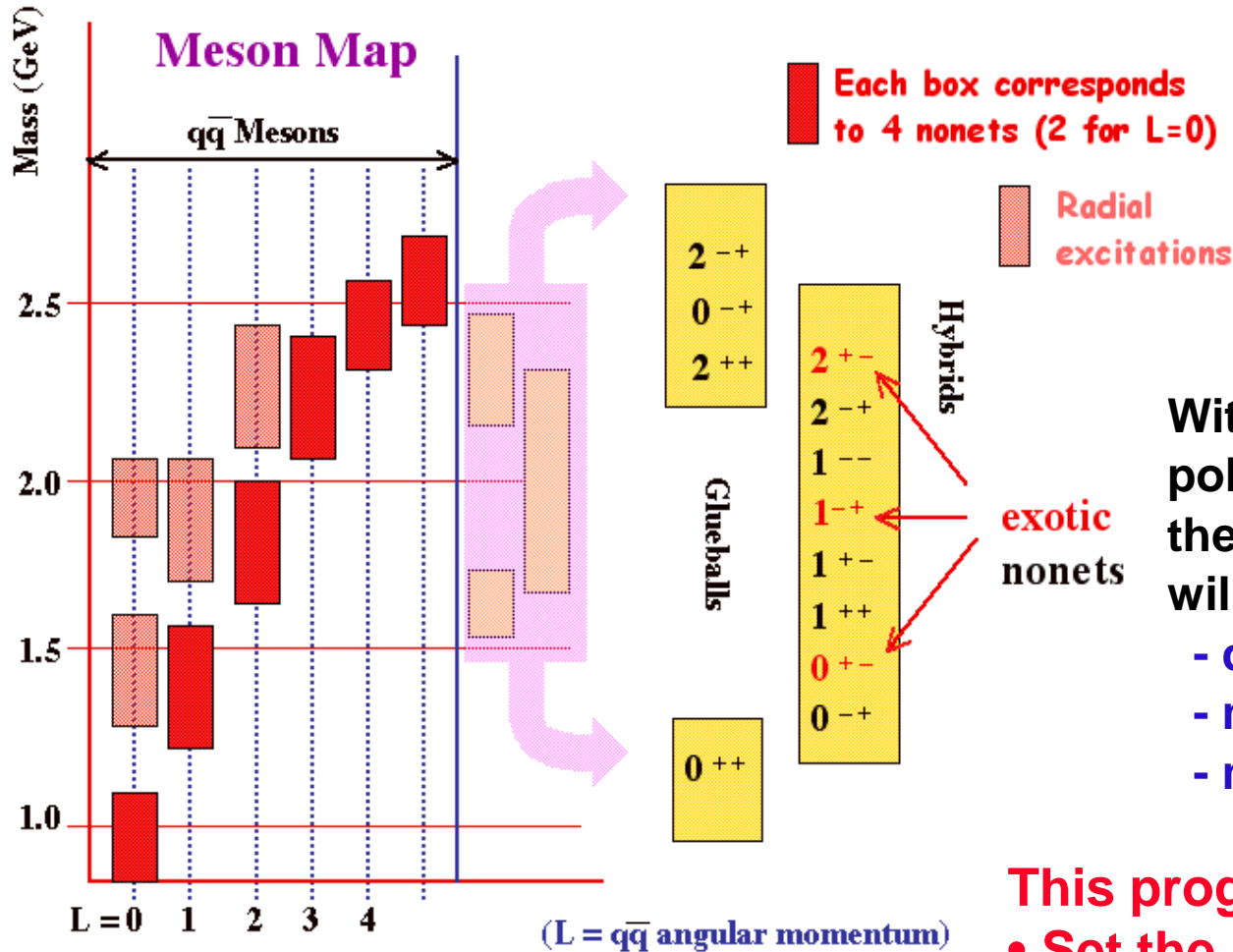


Experimentally, we want to “pluck” the flux tube (wiggle the hot dog?) and see how it responds



# Glueballs and Hybrid Mesons

QCD predicts a rich spectrum of as yet to be discovered gluonic excitations - whose experimental verification is crucial for our understanding of QCD in the confinement regime.



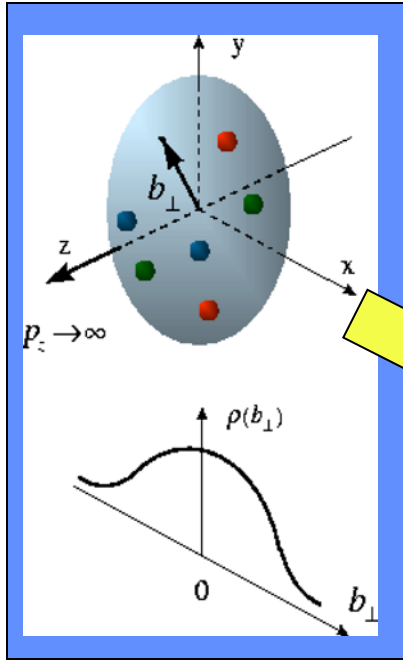
With 12 GeV, a linearly polarized photon beam, and the GlueX detector, Jlab will be uniquely poised to:

- discover these states,
- map out their spectra, and
- measure their properties

**This program:**

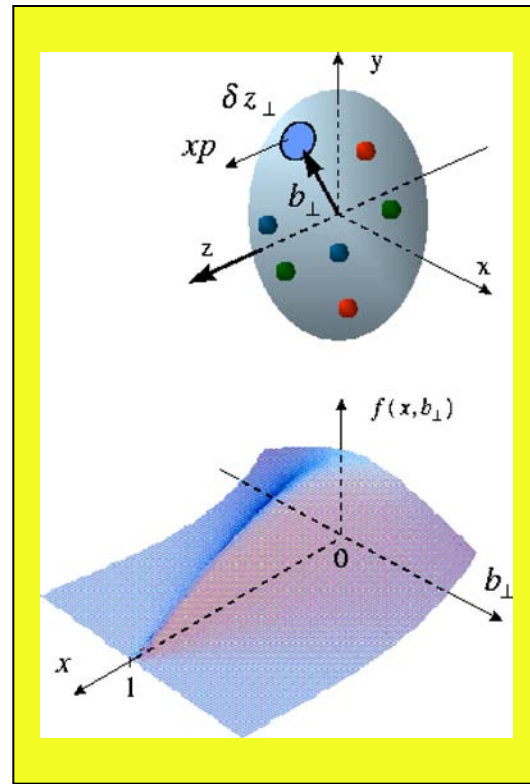
- Set the maximum beam energy
- Drove the need for a 4<sup>th</sup> Hall

# Understanding Nucleon Structure: Form Factors, PDFs, and Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)



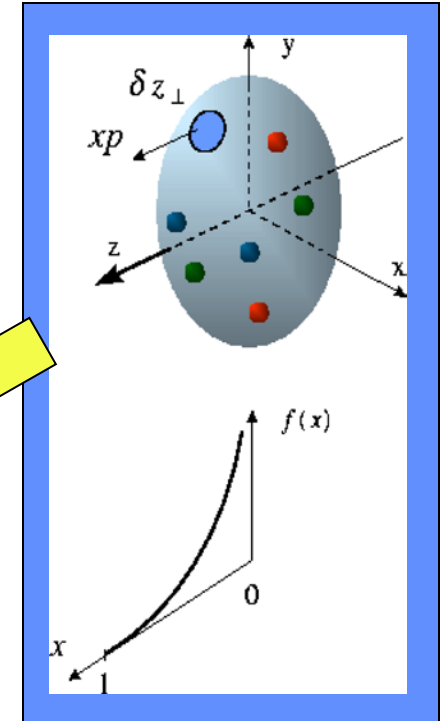
## Elastic Scattering & Form Factors:

Transverse charge & current densities in coordinate space



## DES & GPDs:

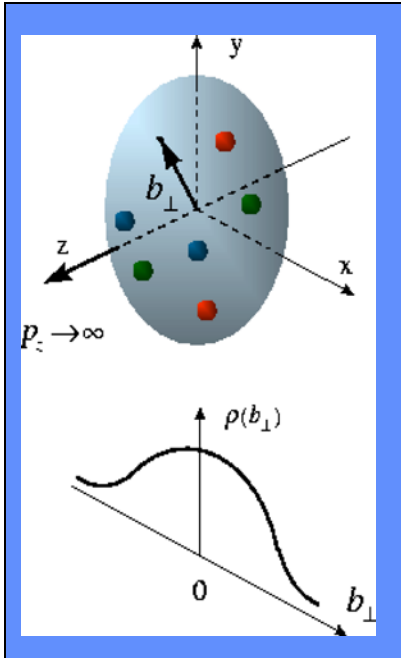
Correlated quark distributions in transverse coordinate and longitudinal momentum space



## DIS & Structure Functions:

Quark longitudinal & helicity distributions in momentum space

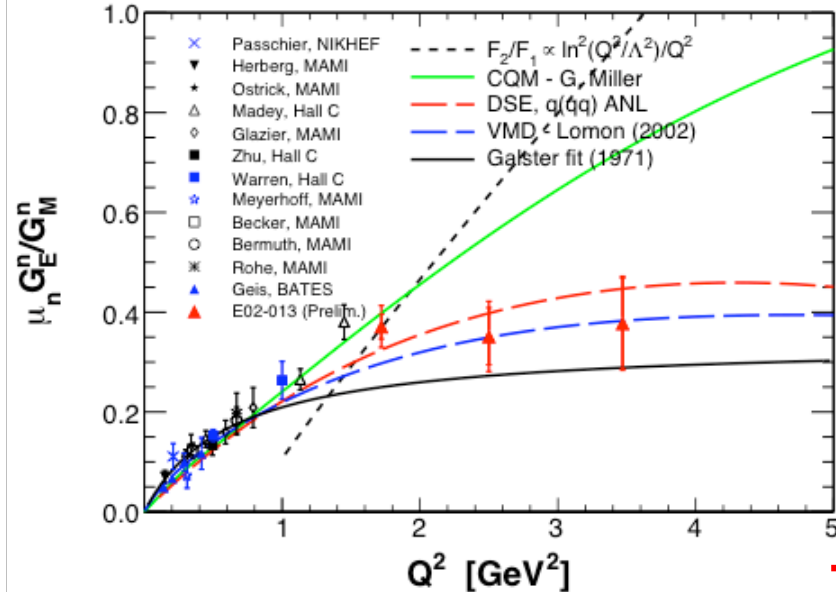
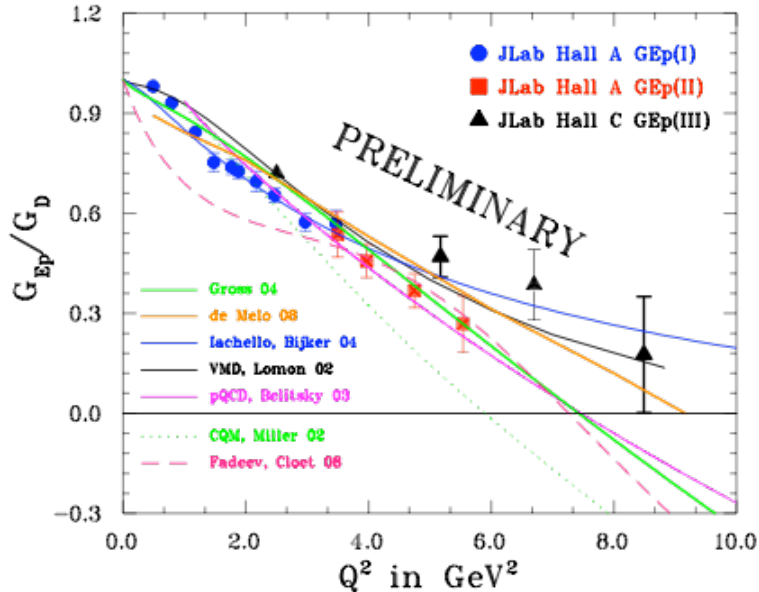
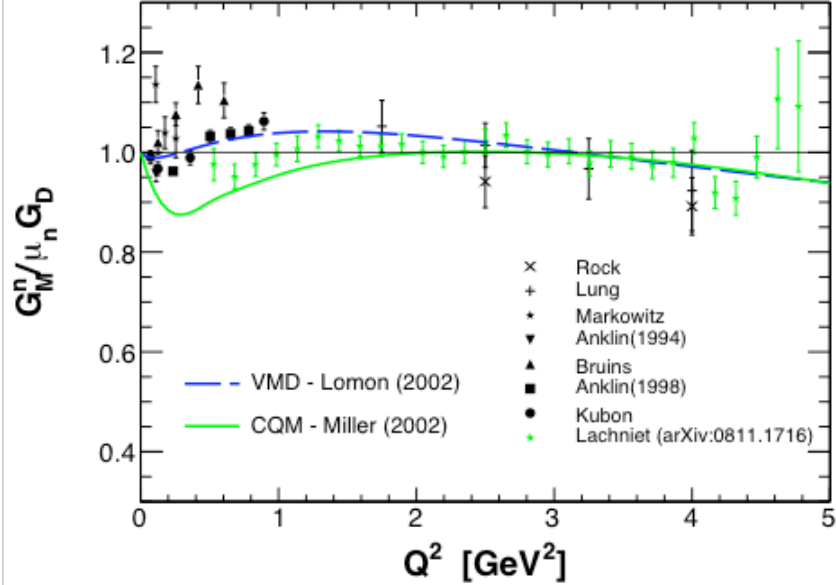
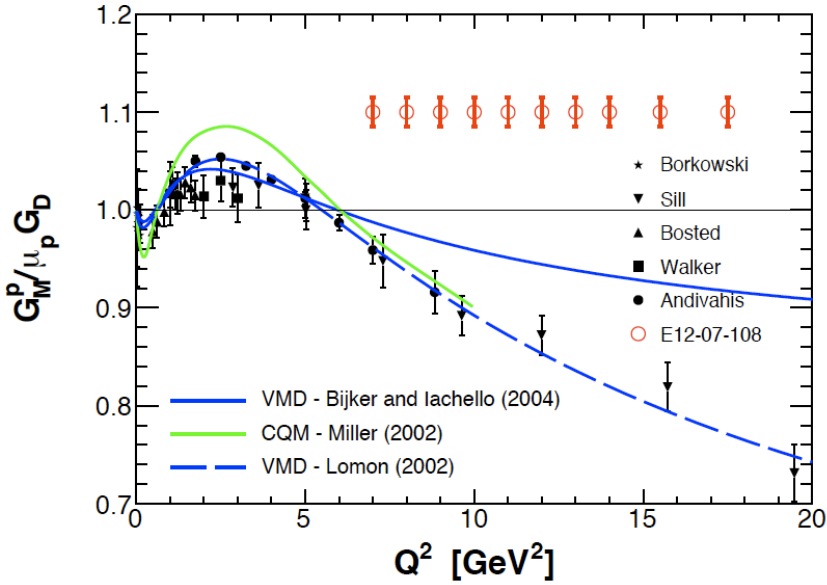
# Understanding Nucleon Structure: Form Factors PDFs, and Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)



## Elastic Scattering & Form Factors:

Transverse charge &  
current densities in  
coordinate space

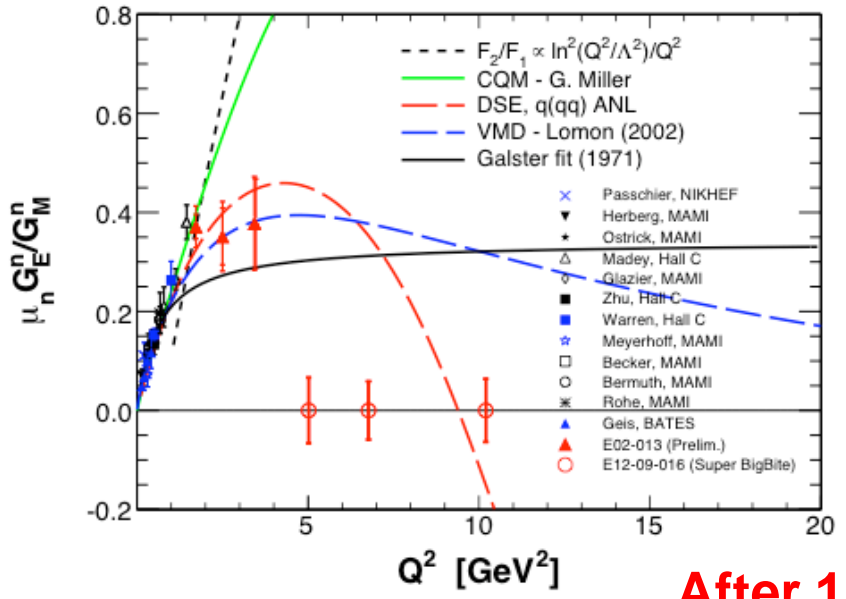
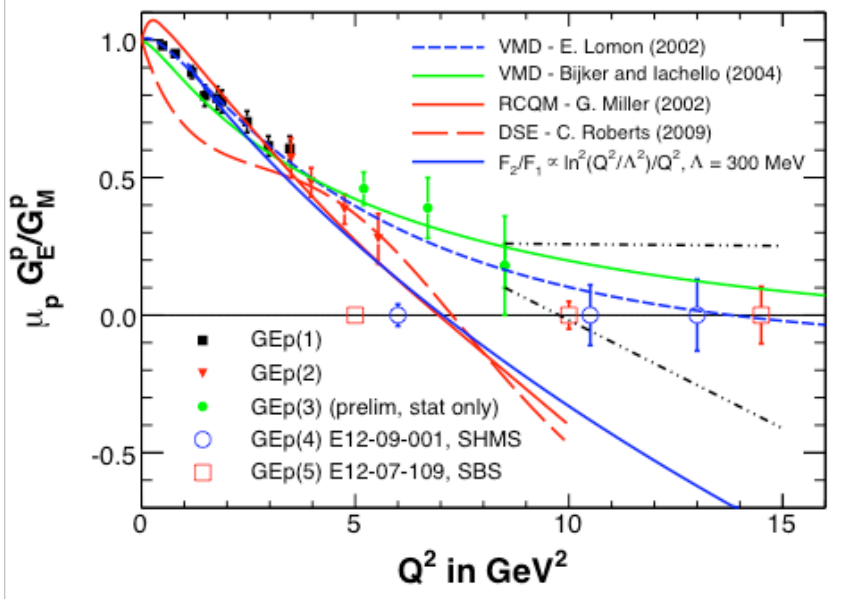
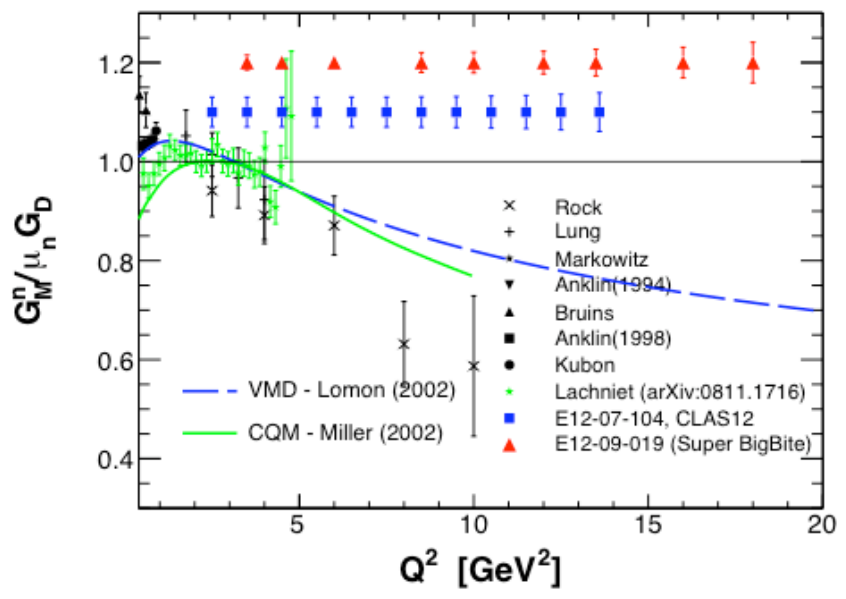
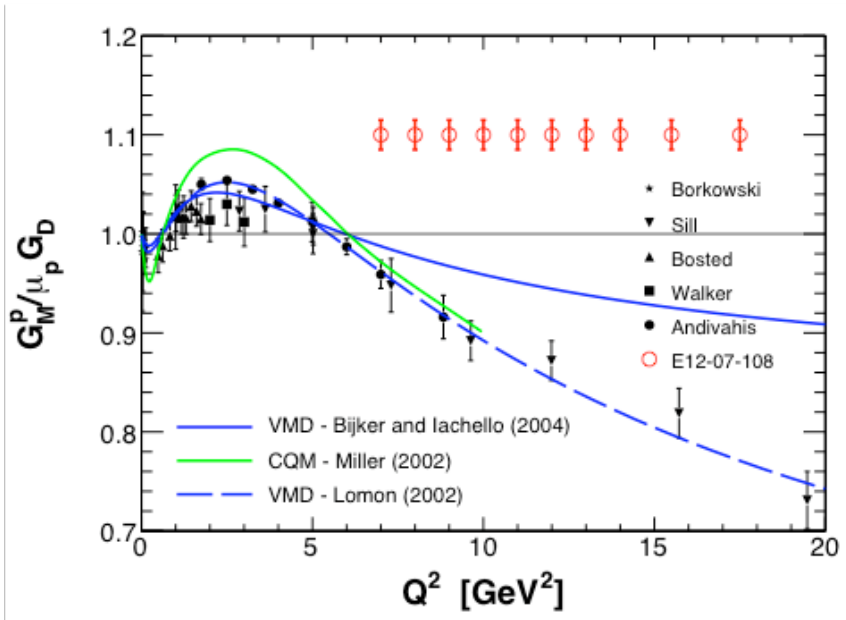
# Form Factors – Constraints on the GPDs



Today

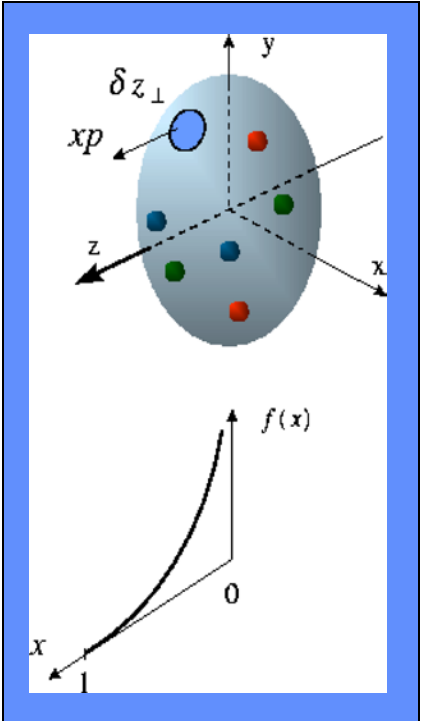
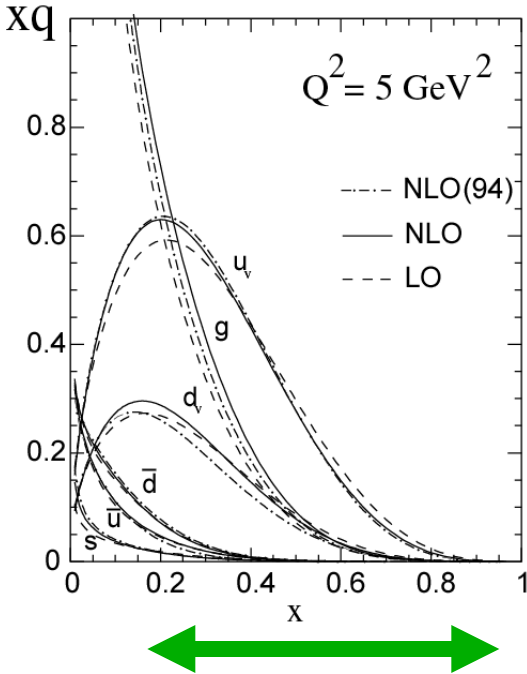


# Form Factors – Constraints on the GPDs



After 12 GeV

# Understanding Nucleon Structure: Form Factors, PDFs, and Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)



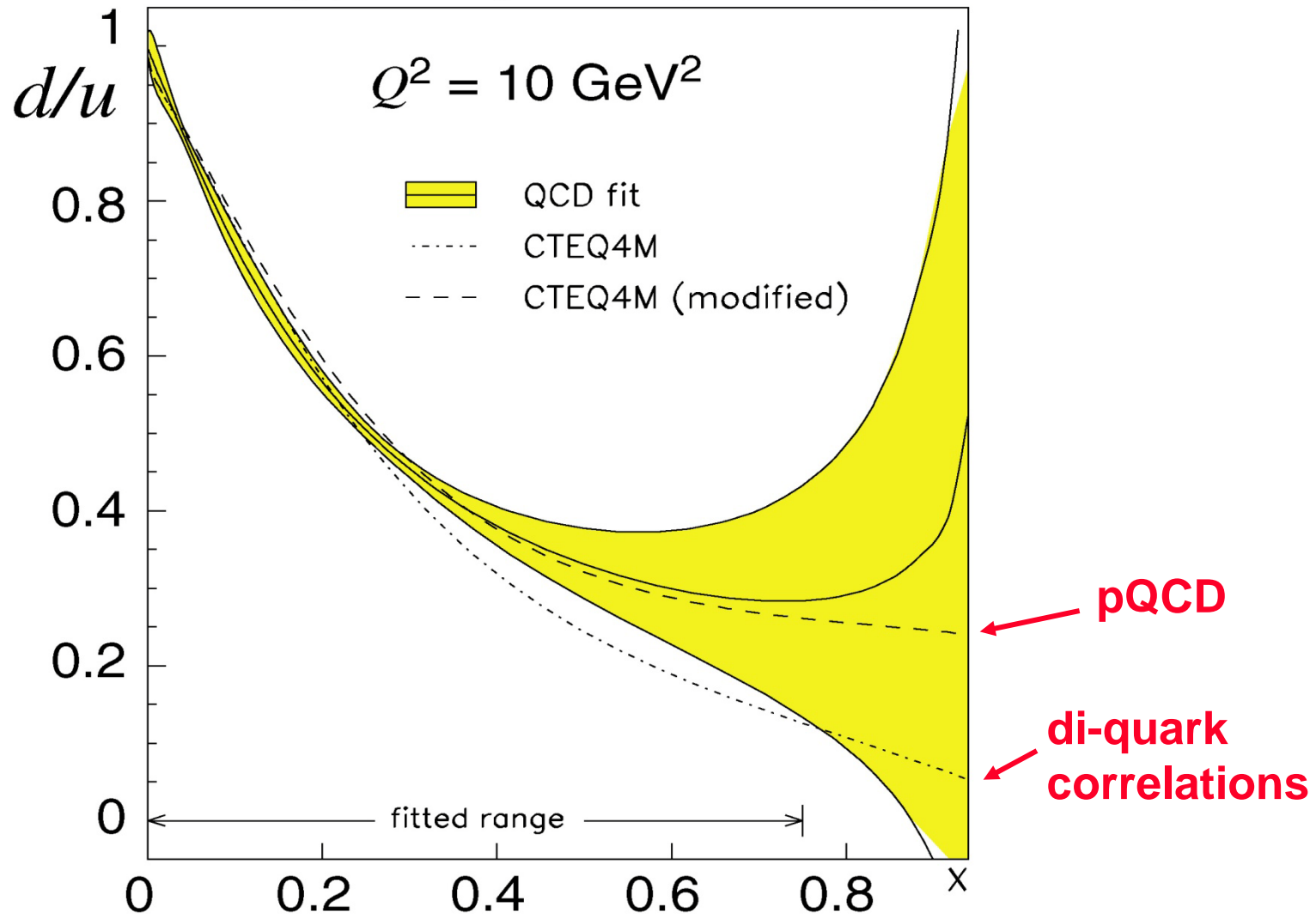
**12 GeV will access the regime ( $x > 0.3$ ), where valence quarks dominate**

**DIS & Structure Functions:**  
 Quark longitudinal & helicity distributions in momentum space

**After 35 years:**

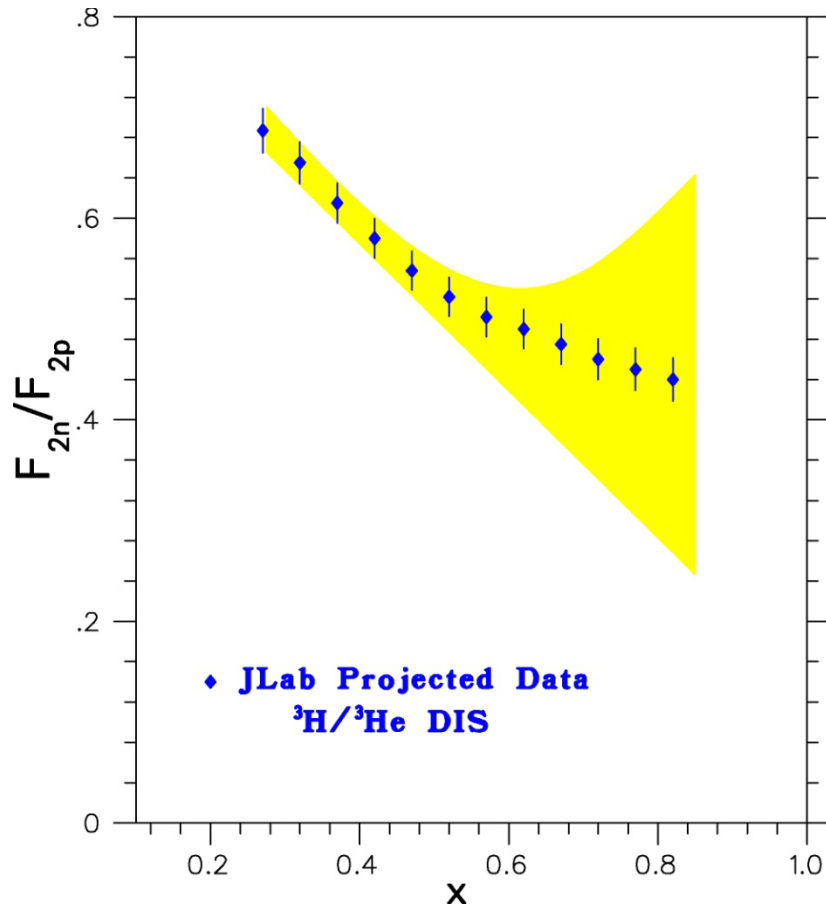
# Miserable Lack of Knowledge of Valence d-Quarks

M. Botje, Eur. Phys. J. C14, 285-297, 2000

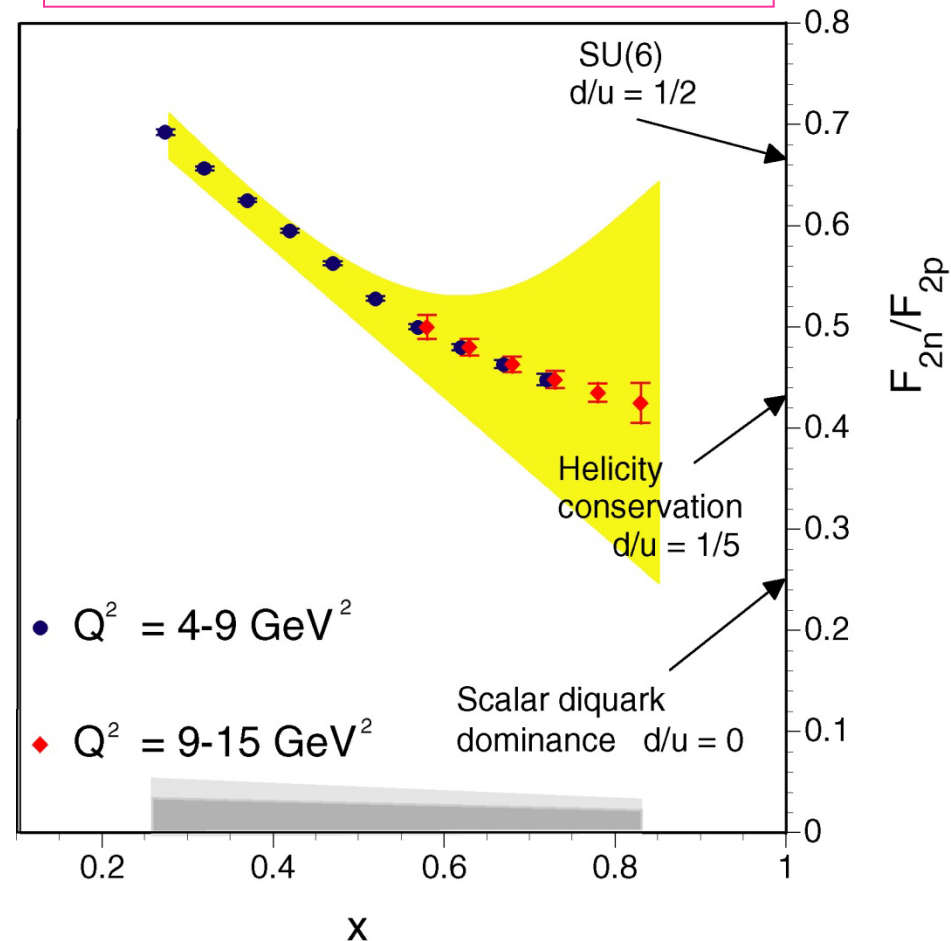


# 12 GeV : Unambiguous Flavor Structure $x \rightarrow 1$

Hall C 11 GeV with HMS  
 ${}^3\text{H}/{}^3\text{He}$  DIS

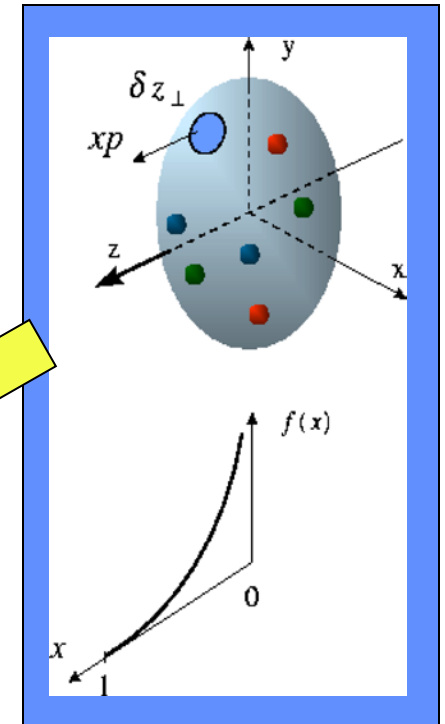
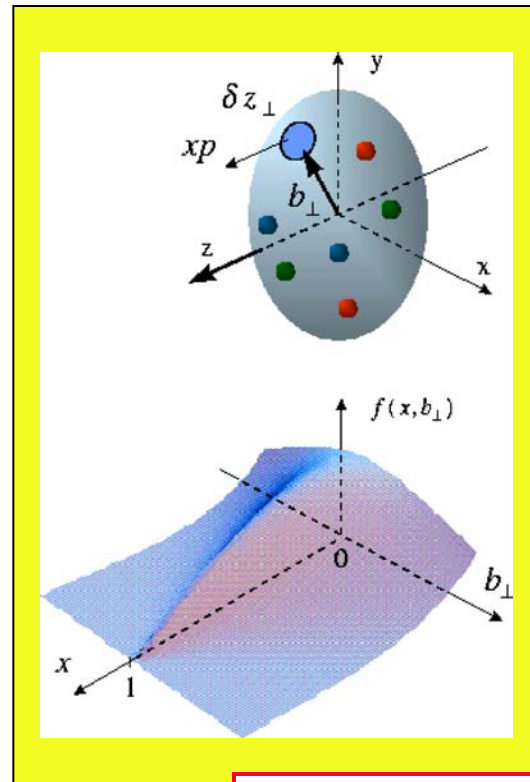
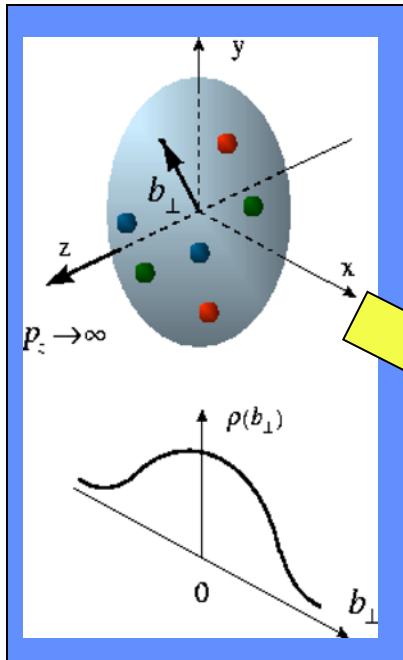


Hall B 11 GeV with CLAS12  
 ${}^2\text{H}$  w/ recoil detection



Initial experiment with recoil detection technique (BONUS radial TPC) was highly successful

# Understanding Nucleon Structure: Form Factors, PDFs, and Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)



## Elastic Scattering & Form Factors:

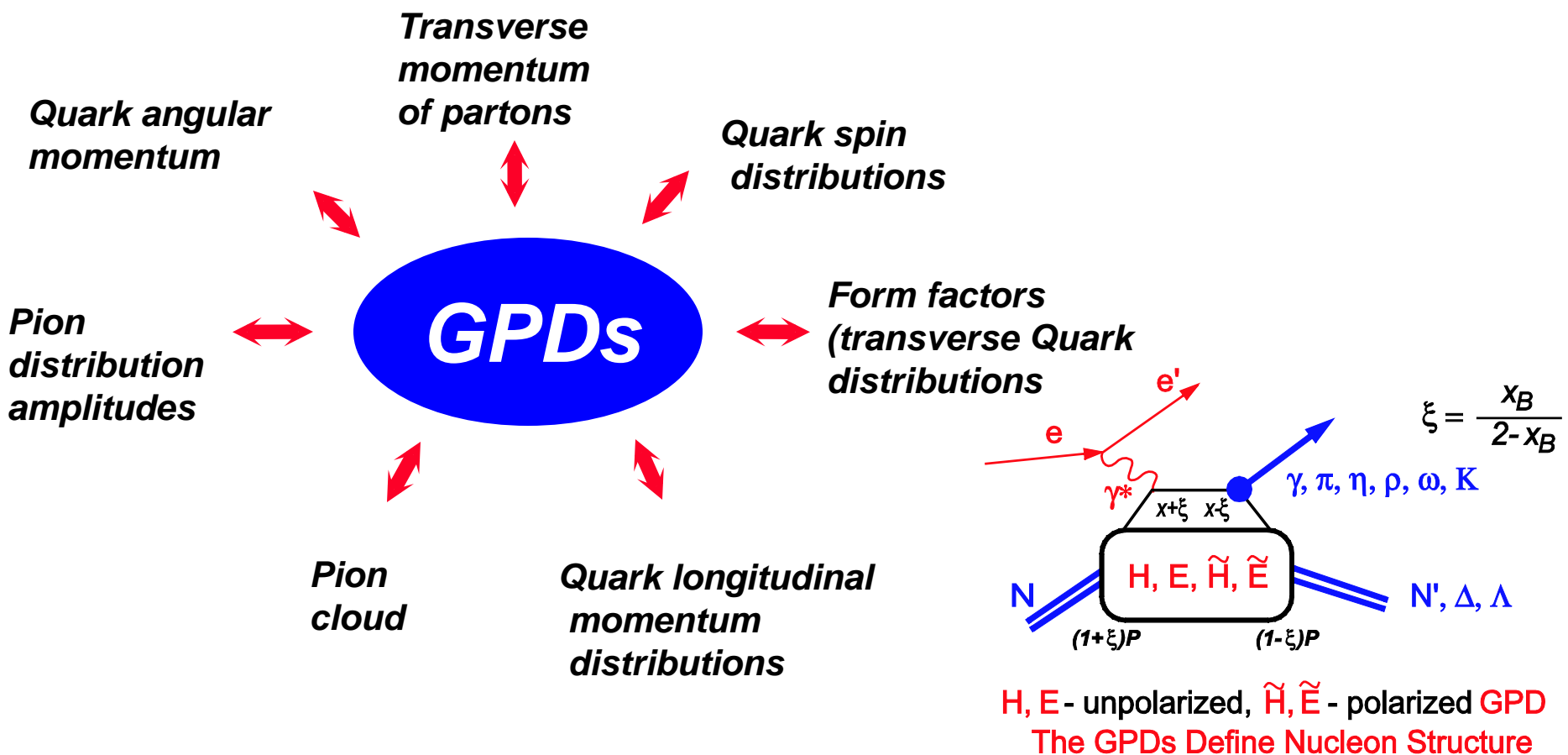
Transverse charge & current densities in coordinate space

DES  
Correlated q  
In transverse  
and longitudinal  
space

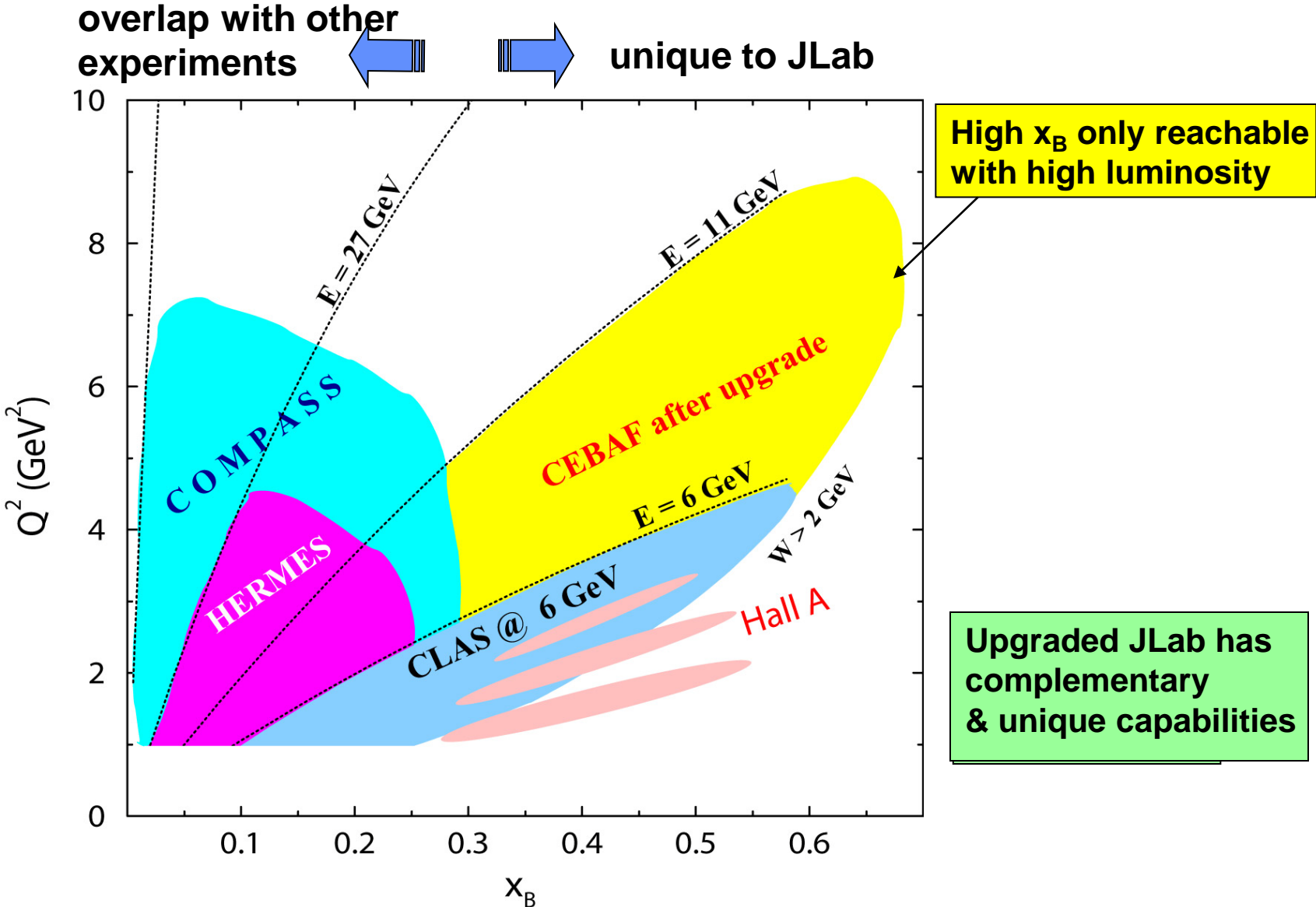
## This program:

- Drove spectrometer requirements for CLAS12 & the SHMS
- Sets beam power goal

# Developing a Unified Description of Hadron Structure via the Recently Devised Generalized Parton Distributions



# Deeply Virtual Exclusive Processes - Kinematics Coverage of the 12 GeV Upgrade



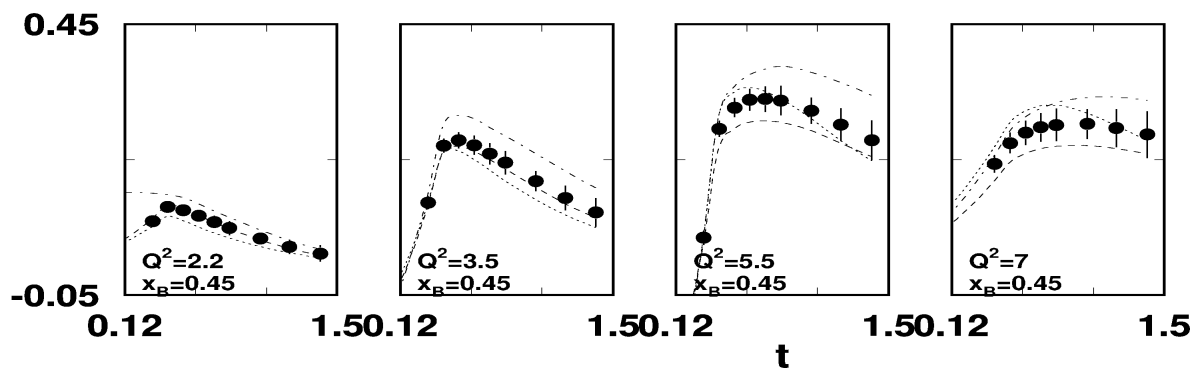
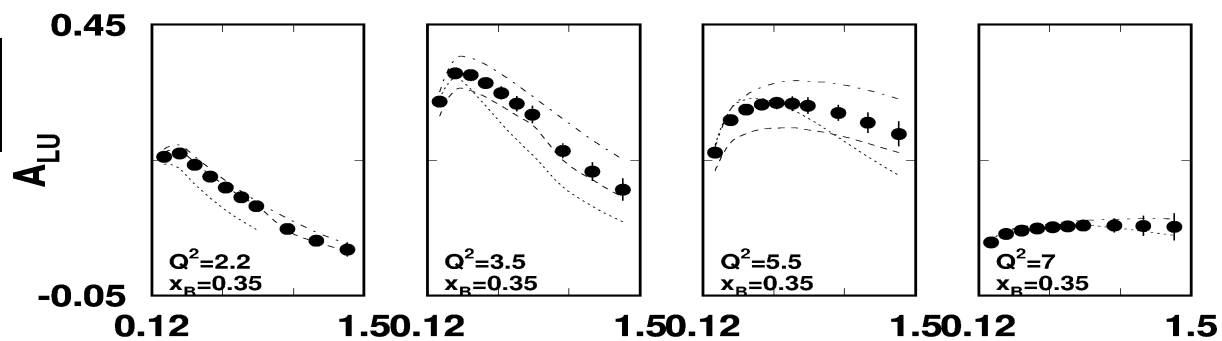
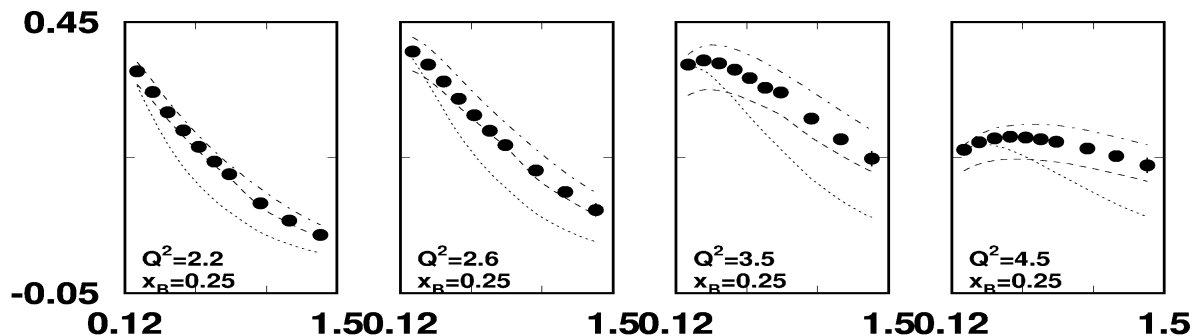
# Projected Path: the Extraction of GPDs

Use polarization!

$$A = \frac{\sigma^+ - \sigma^-}{\sigma^+ + \sigma^-} = \frac{\Delta\sigma}{2\sigma}$$

$$\vec{e} p \longrightarrow e p \gamma$$

Subset of projected results



$$\Delta\sigma_{LU} \sim \sin\phi \text{Im}\{F_1 H + \dots\} d\phi$$

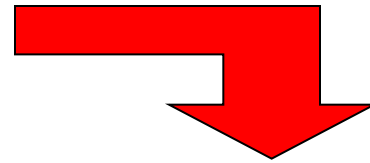
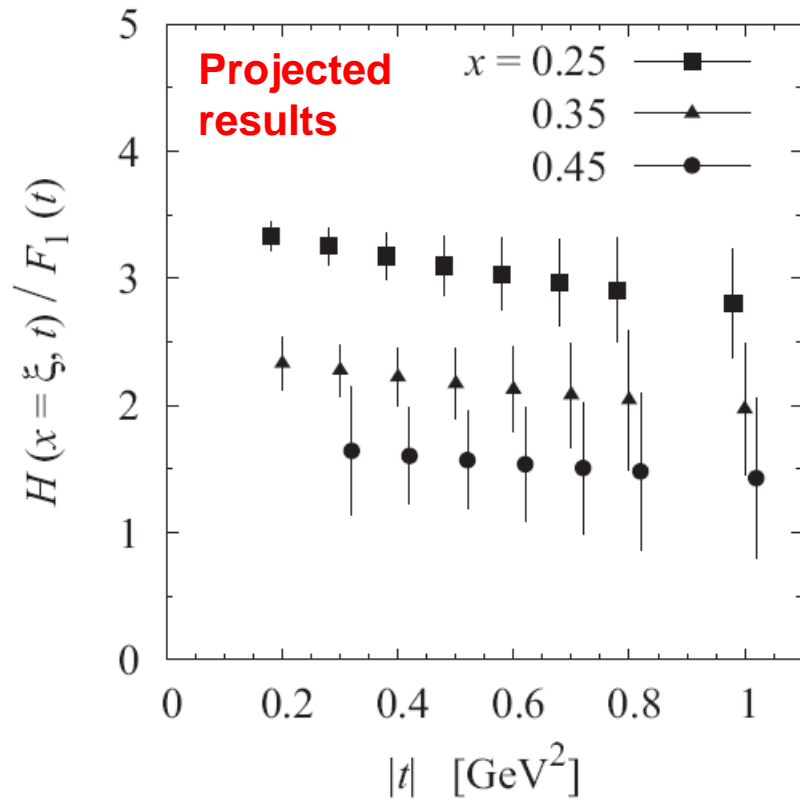
Kinematically suppressed

  $H(\xi, t)$

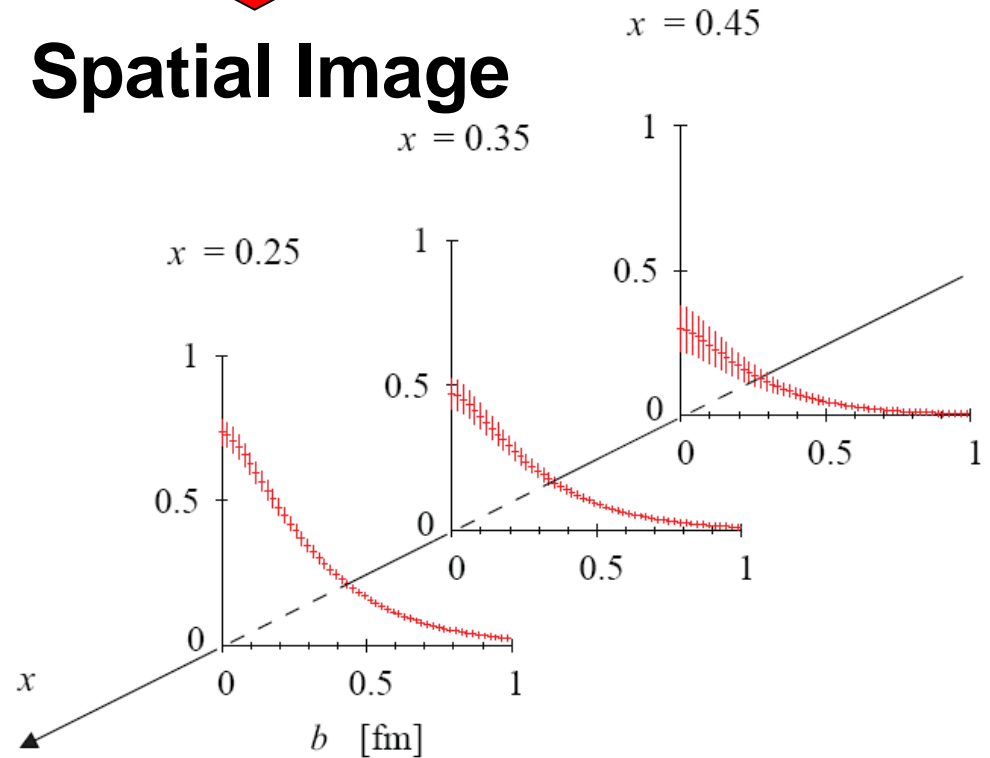
$$\xi = x_B / (2 - x_B)$$



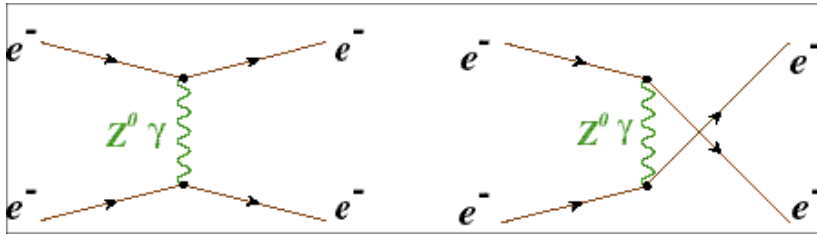
# Projected precision in extraction of GPD H at $x = \xi$



## Spatial Image



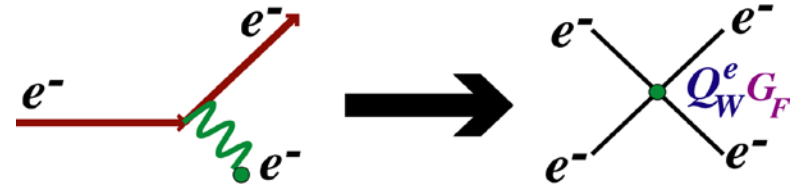
# A Major New Initiative for 12 GeV: Møller Scattering



Purely leptonic reaction

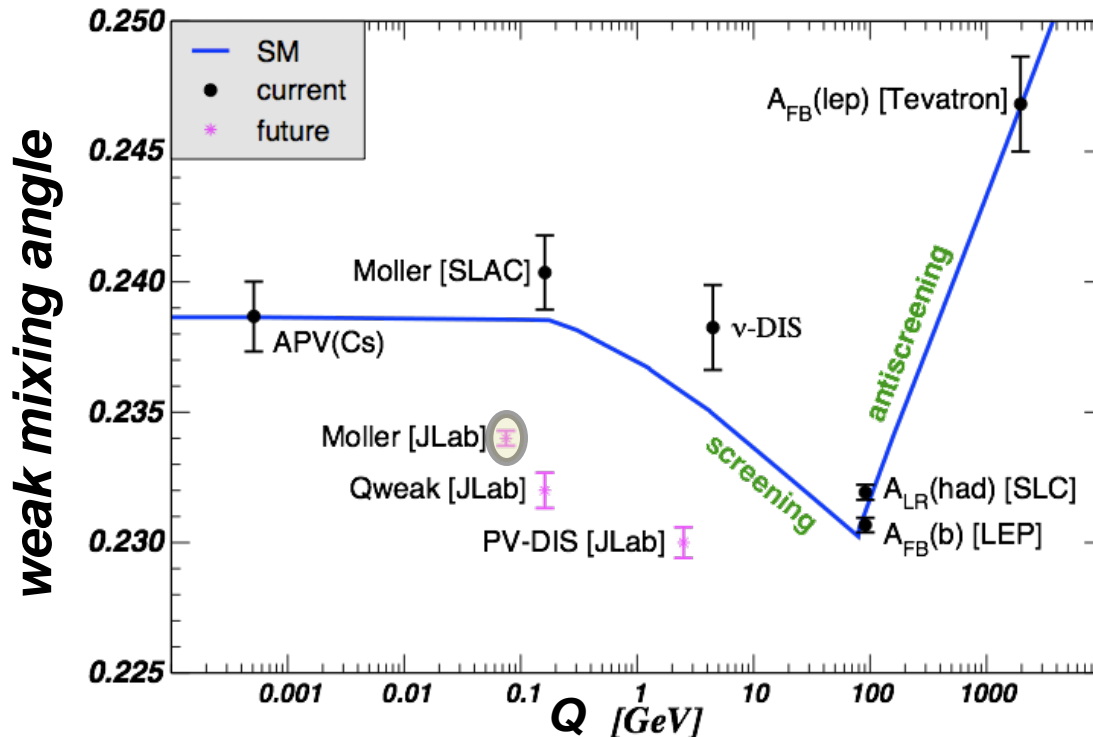
Derman and Marciano (1978)

$$A_{PV} = -m_e E \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}\pi\alpha} \frac{16 \sin^2 \Theta}{(3 + \cos^2 \Theta)^2} Q_W^e$$



$$A_{PV} \propto m_e E_{lab} (1 - 4 \sin^2 \vartheta_W)$$

$$\frac{\delta(\sin^2 \vartheta_W)}{\sin^2 \vartheta_W} \cong 0.05 \frac{\delta(A_{PV})}{A_{PV}}$$



# MØLLER at JLab

$E_{beam} = 11 \text{ GeV } 75 \mu\text{A} \quad 80\% \text{ polarized} \quad \xrightarrow[\sim 2 \text{ yrs}]{\sim 38 \text{ weeks}} \delta(A_{PV}) = 0.73 \text{ ppb}$

$A_{PV} = 35.6 \text{ ppb} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \delta(Q^e_w) = 2.1 \text{ (stat.) } 1.0 \text{ (syst.) } \%$

**Compelling opportunity with the Jefferson Lab Energy Upgrade:**

- Comparable to the two best measurements at colliders
- Unmatched by any other project in the foreseeable future

$$\mathcal{L}_{e_1 e_2} = \sum_{i,j=L,R} \frac{g_{ij}^2}{2\Lambda^2} \bar{e}_i \gamma_\mu e_i \bar{e}_j \gamma^\mu e_j \quad \xrightarrow{A_{PV}} \quad \frac{\Lambda}{\sqrt{|g_{RR}^2 - g_{LL}^2|}} = 7.5 \text{ TeV}$$

**New TeV Physics: Better sensitivity than LEP200 & complementary to LHC**

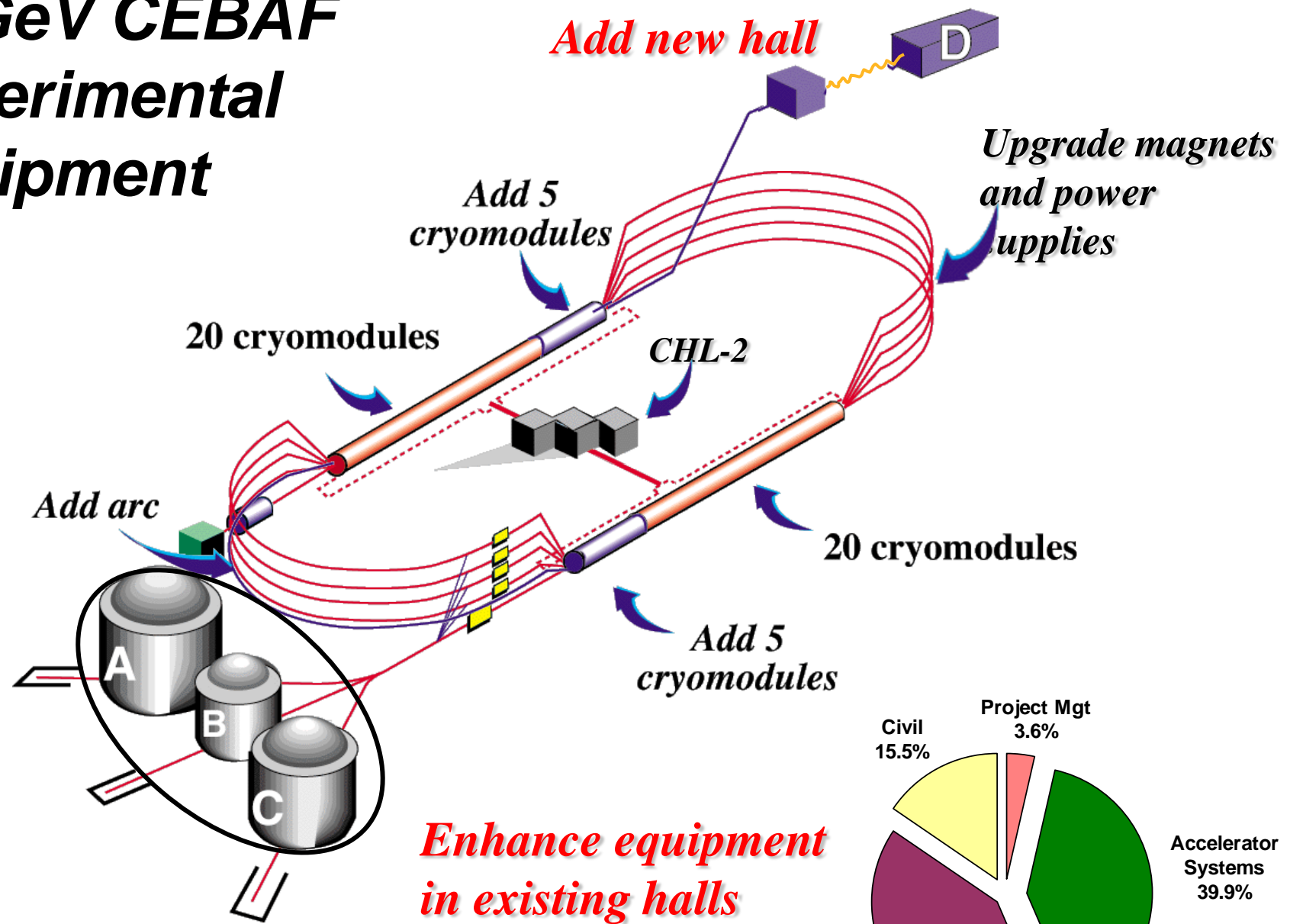
- ~ 100 authors from ~ 30 institutions: experienced personnel from III generation experiments PREX & Qweak
- Approved by 12 GeV JLab PAC in January 2009
- Collaboration working on pre-conceptual design
- Director's review in Jan '10: DoE CD0 request soon thereafter

# Formal Science Program for the 12 GeV Upgrade is Developing Nicely Through the PAC Review Process

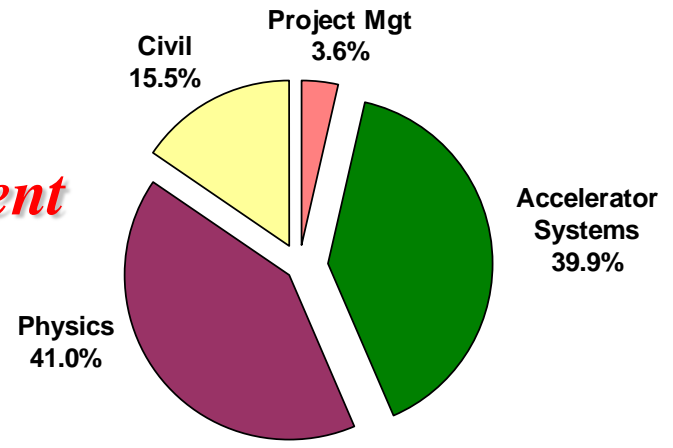
## The PAC-Approved Science Program includes:

- **The Origin of Quark Confinement**
  - 1 major experiment (GLUEx)
- **Form Factors – Constraints on the GPDs**
  - 8 experiments (and 1 Cond. Approved)
- **Valence Quark Structure and Parton Distributions**
  - 9 experiments (and 5 Cond. Approved)
- **Deep Exclusive Scattering and GPDs**
  - 5 experiments
- **Hadron Structure in the Nuclear Medium**
  - 3 experiments (and 3 Cond. Approved)
- **Symmetry Tests in Nuclear Physics**
  - 1 experiment (and 3 Cond. Approved)

# 12 GeV CEBAF Experimental Equipment

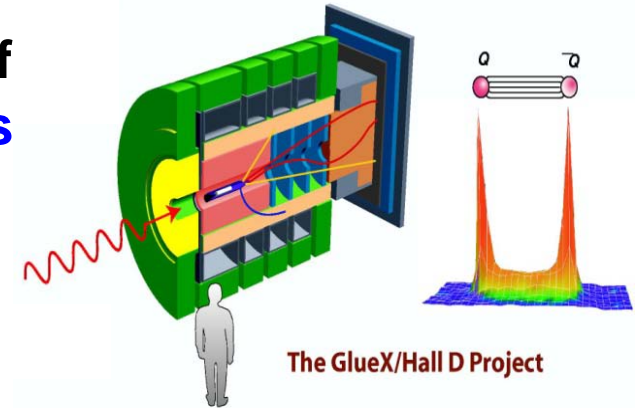


*Enhance equipment  
in existing halls*



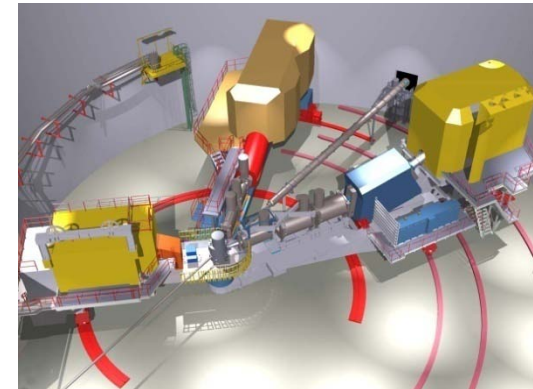
# 12 GeV Upgrade Physics Instrumentation

**GLUEx (Hall D):** exploring origin of confinement by studying **hybrid mesons**

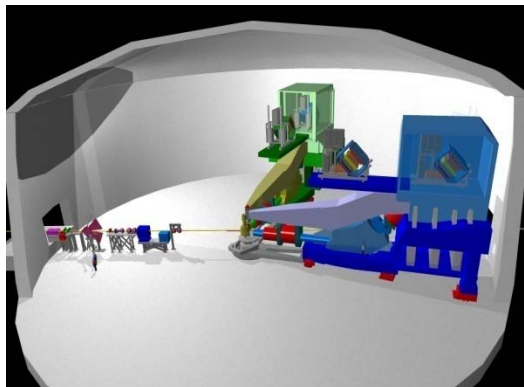
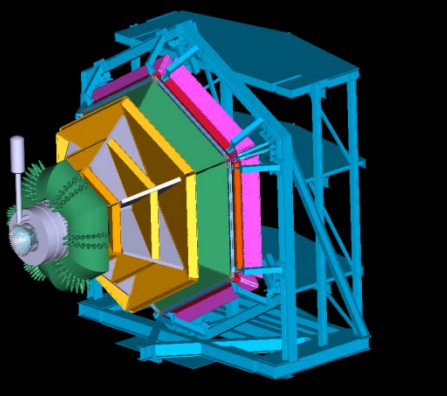


**CLAS12 (Hall B):** understanding nucleon structure via **generalized parton distributions**

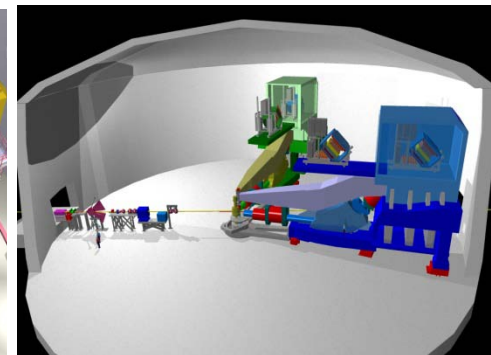
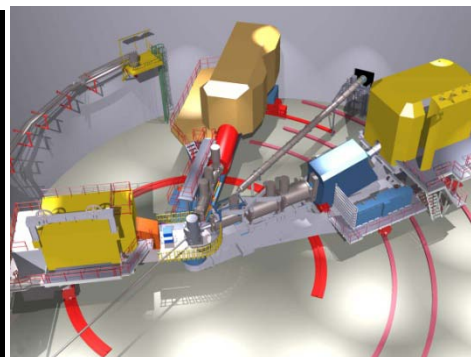
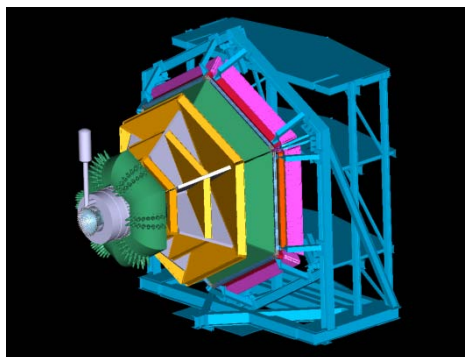
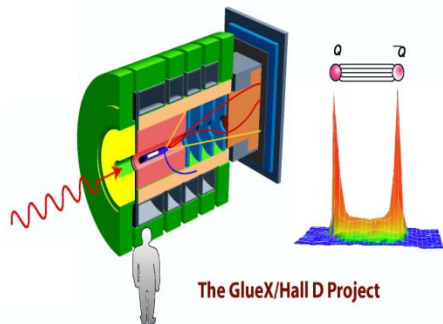
**SHMS (Hall C):** precision determination of **valence quark properties** in nucleons and nuclei



**Hall A:** short range correlations, form factors, hypernuclear physics, **& future new experiments**



# The 12 GeV Upgrade Physics Instrumentation Technical Performance Requirements



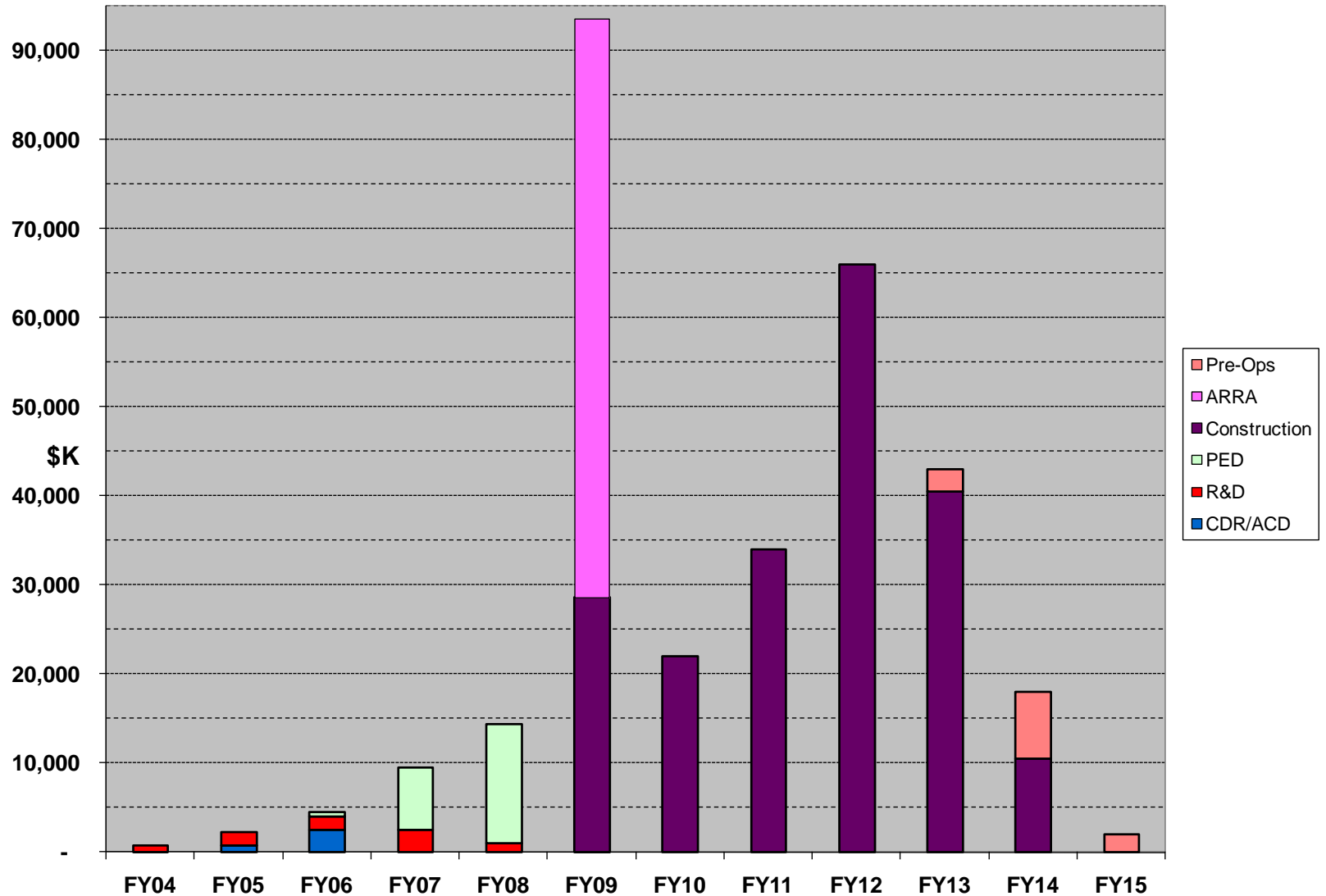
Hall D	Hall B	Hall C	Hall A
excellent hermeticity	luminosity $10^{35}$	energy reach	installation space
polarized photons	hermeticity	precision	
$E_\gamma \sim 8.5-9$ GeV	11 GeV beamline		
$10^8$ photons/s	target flexibility		
good momentum/angle resolution	excellent momentum resolution		
high multiplicity reconstruction	luminosity up to $10^{38}$		
particle ID			





# 12 GeV - \$310M TPC – MAY-2009

## 12 GeV - \$310M TPC - May-2009



# CONSTRUCTION IS WELL UNDERWAY!!



Hall D Groundbreaking



Hall D Tree Clearing



Hall D Excavation



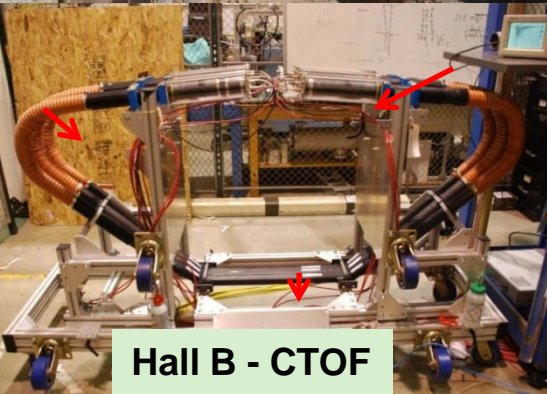
CHL - Trench



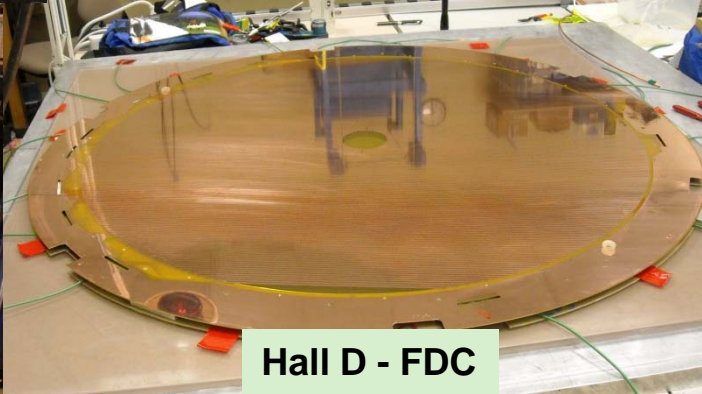
CHL - Concrete Slab



CHL - Steel



Hall B - CTOF



Hall D - FDC



Hall C Magnet Coil

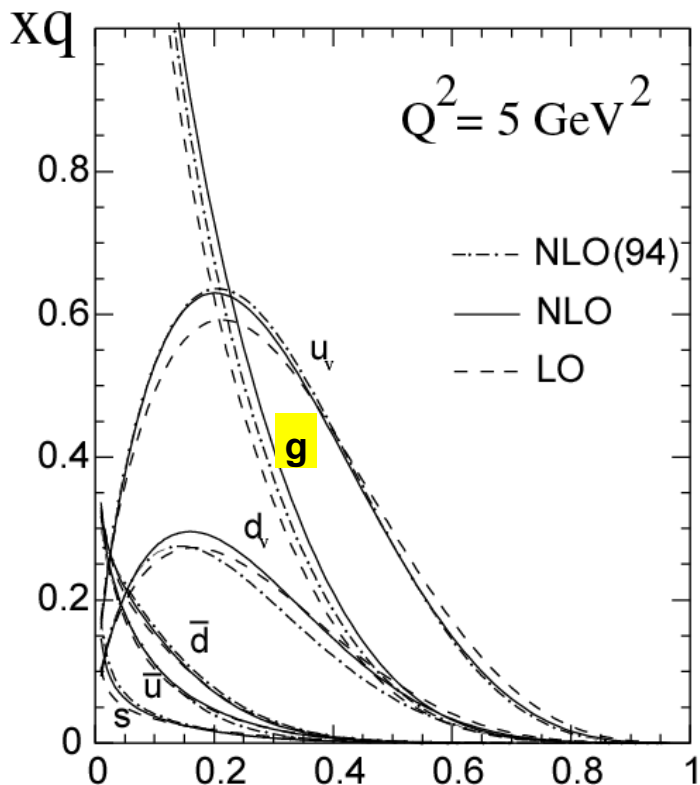
# Defining the 12 GeV Science Program in Detail

- PACs 30, 32, and 34 have approved a total of 27 proposals for 12 GeV science and conditionally approved 11 more. There are also a number of Letters of Intent that have been encouraged
- The process will continue with PAC35 (this January), and your participation is encouraged
- In 1-2 years there will be a PAC to prioritize the science that has been accepted
- ~1 year before the start of physics, hall-by-hall, there will be a PAC review of the Hall “commissioning year” of startup physics

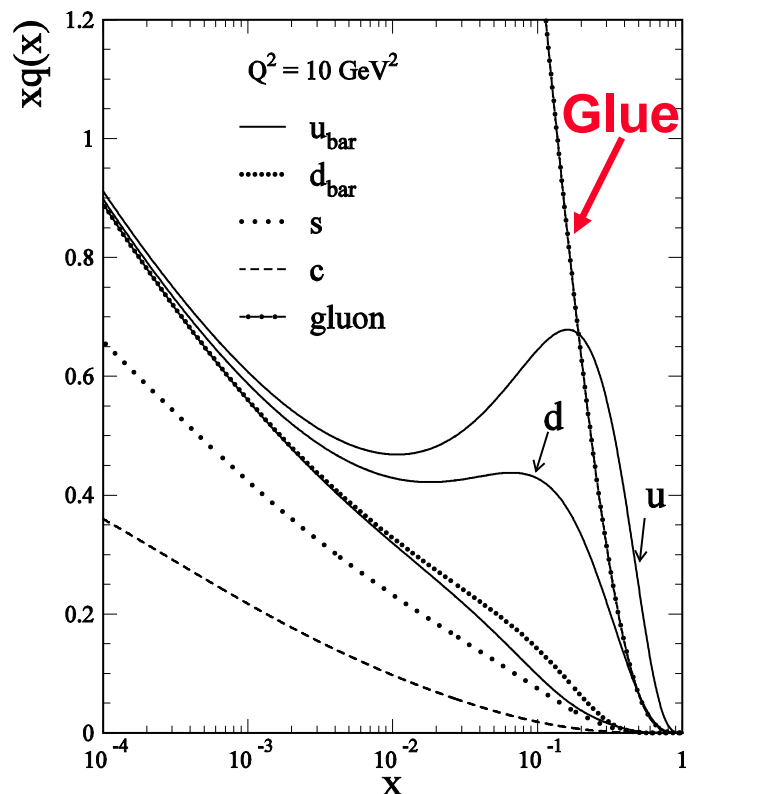
# Longer Term Prospects at JLab (2015 and Beyond)

- *Carry out the planned research program using CEBAF@12 GeV*
- We are also developing plans developing for a new electron-ion collider and/or an external beam facility that would be constructed during this period, focused on the next generation of Electromagnetic Interaction experiments in Nucleons and Nuclei, much of which was discussed at this conference and in the preceding workshops

# After 12 GeV: CEBAF@25 GeV or a High-Luminosity Electron Light Ion Collider Would Provide Complementary Access to Nucleon Structure

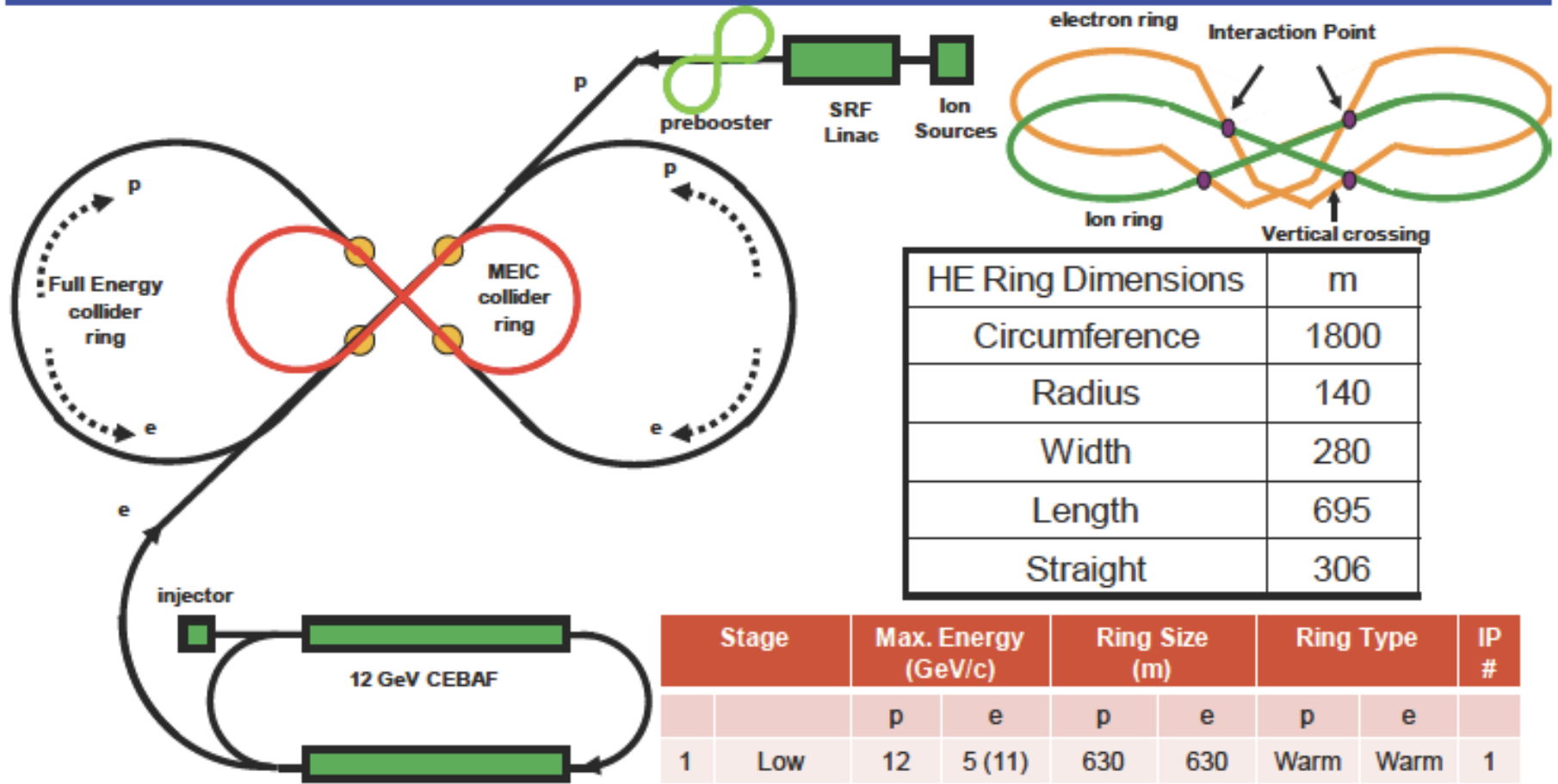


12 GeV will access the valence quark regime ( $x > 0.3$ ), where the quark properties are not masked by the sea quarks and glue



ELIC will focus on the “sea” ( $x < 0.1$ ) where the glue and  $q$ - $q$  pairs dominate

# Going to Higher Energy at JLab



HE Ring Dimensions	m
Circumference	1800
Radius	140
Width	280
Length	695
Straight	306

	Stage	Max. Energy (GeV/c)		Ring Size (m)		Ring Type		IP #
		p	e	p	e	p	e	
1	Low	12	5 (11)	630	630	Warm	Warm	1
	Medium	60	5 (11)	630	630	Cold	Warm	2
2	Medium	60	10	600	1800	Cold	Warm	4
3	High	250	10	1800	1800	Cold	Warm	4

Courtesy of G. Krafft

# EIC Parameters

Beam Energy	GeV	12/3	60/5	60/3	250/10
Collision freq.	MHz		499		
Particles/bunch	$10^{10}$	0.47/2.3	0.74/2.9	1.1/6	1.1/3.1
Beam current	A	0.37/2.7	0.59/2.3	0.86/4.8	0.9/2.5
Energy spread	$10^{-4}$		~ 3		
RMS bunch length	mm	50	5	5	5
Horz. emit., norm.	$\mu\text{m}$	0.18/80	0.56/85	0.8/75	0.7/51
Vert. emit. Norm.	$\mu\text{m}$	0.18/80	0.11/17	0.8/75	0.03/2
Horizontal $\beta^*$	mm	5	25	25	125
Vertical $\beta^*$	mm		5		
Vert. b-b tuneshift/IP		.015/.013	0.01/0.03	.015/.08	0.01/0.1
Laslett tune shift	p-beam	0.1	0.1	0.054	0.1
Peak Luminosity/IP, $10^{34}$	$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	0.59	1.9	4.0	11

Low energy

MEIC

High energy

Courtesy of G. Krafft

# Summary

**An exciting science program investigating the nature of quark confinement and other aspects of “strong” QCD motivates the Upgrade of CEBAF from 6 to 12 GeV and the addition of major experimental equipment**

**Construction of the 12 GeV Upgrade is well underway, with first beams for commissioning the first experiments expected in late 2014, and full operation in 2015**

**The combination of advances driven by theoretical insights and tools (the formulation of the GPDs, TMDs, LQCD....) and the capabilities of high luminosity, high energy cw electron beams and modern experimental apparatus provides confidence that this effort will yield important new advances for our field**

**For the longer-range future, an electron-hadron/nucleus collider offers tantalizing possibilities that are being explored on both sides of the Atlantic**